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Victoria Daily Times.

Day or Night.
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C. E. JONES, Druggist, 36 Gov't St.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., THUSSDAY, JANUARY 18, 1894. No. 15

Silverware
Silverware
Silverware
Silverware !

The Largest and Finest Stock in the City at

Davidson Bros.,

The Jewellers, 55 Government Street.

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

AT

THE WESTSIDE

Beginning To-Day, Tuesday, January 16th.

As usual at this season of the year, and prior to stock-taking, in order to clear out Winter Stock, we offer goods at greatly reduced prices.

JACKETS

Direct from the manufacturers, and only on hand since the 31st ult., having been delayed en route,

$ .750 Quality, reduced to $4.00 | $12 50 Quality, reduced to $8.50
$10.00 Quality, reduced to $6.50 | $17 50 Quality, reduced to $10.00

Imperial Waterproofs from $3.10 to $7.50, worth regular price from $6.50 to $12.50, and others in proportion. All of the above are of latest style and finish, but have to be sold to make room for Spring Goods.

DRESS GOODS

44-inch All-Wool Dress Serges, 75c. and 90c.....Reduced to 50c.
44-inch All-Wool Dress Serges, $1.25.....Reduced to 90c.
54-inch Tweeds, $2.25.....Reduced to $1.25
54-inch English All-Wool Tweeds, $1.25, $1.40, $1.75.....All at 90c.
52-inch Dress Meltons, 40c. and 50c.....Reduced to 25c.
27-inch Dress Twills, 25c.....Reduced to 9 yards for $1.00

SPECIAL CUT IN COSTUME PIECES.

All Black Goods and Colored Cashmeres.....20 per cent. off
50 doz. Ladies' Wool Vests, 75c. and 90c.....Reduced to 50c.
20 doz. Ladies' Wool Vests, assorted, worth 75c. to $1.....All at 40c.
30 doz. Misses' and Children's Ribbed Vests.....At 37½c. each

EMBROIDERIES
800 yards at 5 cents.

DRESS ORNAMENTS
At less than half price.

CORSETS
Drab Sateen, good quality, 75c., worth $1.25 per pair. Black, extra, 90 cents, worth $1.50.

HANDKERCHIEFS
Embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth 25c. each, 8 for $1.00. Children's Handkerchiefs, 25c. per dozen.

STAPLES

20 yds. White Cotton for $1.00
15 yds. Flannelette for.....$1.00
20 yds. Fast Color Print for $1.00
Eider Down Quilts for.....$5.90
Comforter Quilts,.....from 90c.
White Blankets, from $3.25 a pair

And other goods in proportion.

FOR BARGAINS COME EARLY. J. HUTCHESON & CO.

A Big Variety

Of Rubbers and Gum Boots with prices right, at

A. B. Erskine's,

Cor. Gov't and Johnson Sts.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

McINTOSHES--A fresh supply of our fine blue McIntoshes just received.

MITTS--10 doz. Wool Mitts, hand made, 15 cents a pair.

LEATHER COATS--Another case to hand. All sizes up to 46 in. chest.

Special Value in Boys' Overcoats.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

35 and 37 Johnson Street

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Board and lodging by a single gentleman. Write stating terms to M., Times office. j18-2t

Phillips' Sanitary Grate

This heater can be arranged for any style of grate and is guaranteed to do its work on half the fuel consumed otherwise.

Besides giving an even degree of heat it is continually introducing fresh air and carrying off the foul air from the apartment, and is invaluable in cases of sickness. It occupies no space, does away with stove pipes, requires no further attention than the ordinary grate fire, does not smoke, and will heat the adjoining room from the one fire. It is entirely domestic manufacture and is guaranteed to last ten years. Further particulars from the agent of Mr. Geo. Phillips, 84 Douglas Street.

N. B.—Parties wishing to see the heater in operation can do so any evening by calling at 139 Yates street during the hours of 8 and 10 p.m. j18

Atlantic Steamship Agency

CHEAP RATES

To or From all European and Foreign Ports

LIST OF ATLANTIC SAILINGS.

(From Halifax.)

Allan Line, Numidian.....Jan. 20
Allan Line, Mongolian.....Feb. 3
Dominion Line, Labrador.....Jan. 27
Dominion Line, Vancouver.....Feb. 10
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg.....Jan. 30
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario.....Feb. 14

(From New York.)

Cunard Line, Aurania.....Jan. 27
Cunard Line, Umbria.....Jan. 24
White Star Line, Majestic.....Jan. 31
White Star Line, Germanic.....Jan. 31
American Line, New York.....Jan. 24
American Line, Paris.....Jan. 31
Nor. German Lloyd, Dresden.....Jan. 20
Anchor Line, Ethiopia.....Jan. 27
French Line, La Gascogne.....Jan. 13
Allan State Line, Grecian.....Jan. 18

For cheap rates and all other information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Gen. Agent.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agt., Vancouver.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,

30 Broad Street.

HERE AND THERE.

Sir Edwin Arnold says that there are about 30,000 "poetesses" in Great Britain.

* * *

The Abbey of Villers, where Queen Victoria first saw the late Prince Consort—the occasion of the meeting being a court picnic given by Leopold I.—is being placed in such condition as to preserve it from further decay.

* * *

Egypt is advancing. It is now announced that the Egyptian government has authorized the construction of a tramway system in Cairo, and that bids for the concession will be received by the minister of public works up to February 1 next.

* * *

The emperor of China, who is 23 years old, is now studying the English and French languages, while Prince Yanagi-Wara, the heir-presumptive to the Javanese throne, has entered the Nobles' school, where all the students study a foreign language. The young prince, who is 14, is taking a course in German.

* * *

As instances of swiftness in literary production it may be mentioned that Mr. Haggard does his four thousand words at a sitting; Mr. David Christie Murray thinks nothing of writing a three volume novel in five weeks; and Mr. Henty has just been confessing to an interviewer that he produces his stories at the rate of 6,500 words a day.

* * *

The empress of Russia spends a good deal of her time in printing letters on a typewriter from the czar's dictation. The czar has learned to use the machine, but his large fingers are necessarily less deft than those of his wife. Many of the emperor's memoranda on state affairs are now printed by the czarina and merely signed by the czar with his initial A.

PIRATES OF FUJIEN

Depredations Committed by the Chinese Corsairs.

RICE JUNKS BOARDED AND SCUTTLED

Commerce of the China Seas Almost Paralyzed.

Peaceable Traders Killed and Wounded and Much Booty Taken—Another Uprising Against the Missionaries—Inflammatory Placards Call Upon Patriots to Rise and Kill and Destroy.

San Francisco, Jan. 18.—By the steamship China, which arrived from the Orient to-day, it is learned that notwithstanding the recent additions to the war junks cruising after pirates along the coast, the pirates of Fujien and Tai Chow are still as numerous and as savage as ever. Some junks laden with rice were recently boarded by the pirates near Wen Chow, and were left with 23 killed and seriously wounded. A Chinese postboat, which had a crew of four men and a cargo of opium and valuable packages, on its way from Chang Chow to Soo Chow, was attacked by pirates and about $3,000 worth of property carried off. The week before this another postboat, from Chang Chow to Kas Hing, was also stopped by pirates and its contents stolen.

Anonymous and inflammatory placards have recently been posted in the town of Yilin, China, which state that China has everything she needs and that missionaries are telling no new doctrines to the people. Missionaries are therefore not wanted, and an appeal is made calling on patriots to assemble on a designated day to "kill and destroy."

A good deal of trouble is now being caused in Foo Ho Kin province by bandits, and the authorities are making strenuous efforts to suppress them. Bandits are said to be now in possession of the whole district in the northern part of the province, and the viceroy has started on an expedition against them with a great force of troops.

The United States cruiser Concord is at Shanghai. The Baltimore, the flagship of the China station, is at Singapore.

W. E. Hunt, the new United States consul to Hong Kong, arrived at that place on December 15th

Run by Very White Men.

St. Louis, Jan. 18.—The employees of the N. O. Nelson Manufacturing Company are in good spirits to-day. This concern is conducted on the profit-sharing plan, and for the past ten years the workmen have received annual dividends. In August last, when the financial stringency was making itself manifest, they accepted without demur a cut of 25 per cent. in wages. To-day, under a recent resolution of the board of directors, a dividend of 7 per cent. was distributed, and in addition the loss by the cut in wages was returned in full in cash to each employee. This satisfactory condition of affairs was brought about by a revival in the business of the corporation.

Imperial Federation League

London, Jan. 18.—The London branch of the old Imperial Federation League has not yet been abandoned and an effort has been made to reconstruct the league. At present, however, no decision has been formed respecting the replies received to a circular recently sent out by the London branch, proposing reconstruction upon the basis that the federation should embrace a commercial union with free trade throughout the empire. The promoters of the movement, including Sir John Lubbock, are very hopeful of success.

Hon. Blake's letter to the Globe regarding the funds of the Irish party is quoted in the Daily Chronicle to-day.

Poor Richard's Birthday.

Philadelphia, Jan. 18.—To-day is the 188th anniversary of the birth of Benjamin Franklin, philosopher, statesman, and one of the first of American publishers, and it will be celebrated by a banquet of the local printing and publishing fraternity this evening. A wreath of laurel was placed to-day upon the brow of the statue of the great American, which stands in the rotunda of the Franklin Institute, but, strangely enough, no floral offerings or other tokens of remembrance were placed upon the tomb in the cemetery of Christ church, at 5th and Arch streets, in the business centre of the Quaker City, where all of him that was mortal was laid to rest in 1790.

The French Navy.

Paris, Jan. 18.—L'Echo de Paris publishes an interview with Minister of Marine Lefebre in regard to the recent charges of Clemenceau against the naval administration. Lefebre denied the charges generally, but admitted that the Toulon storehouses were short of biscuits in 1893. The alleged defects in vessels and delays in their construction were due to their complicated construction. The British, he admitted, built better and quicker boats, because they have superior implements. Deputy Naquet declares in Figaro to-day that the French coast defences are of the faultiest kind.

Battle With Burglars.

Danville, Pa., Jan. 18.—Five outlaws attempted to rob the postoffice here early yesterday morning, and in a running fight they shot Policeman Vaugilger through the lungs, inflicting a fatal wound. Two of the band were also shot, but their companions saved them from falling into the hands of the authorities. The postoffice is in the business portion of the town. About two a.m. Policeman Byerley discovered men attempting to blow open the safe. He quickly summoned to his aid Policemen Vaugilger and Rissee, and an attempt to capture the robbers was made. The outlaws were armed and masked, and judging from the tools captured by the authorities were professionals. When called upon to surrender, they came out through the main entrance in single file and opened fire on the policemen, who had stationed themselves behind awning posts and store boxes. The police returned the volley and the outlaws leaped into a deep embrasure of the building, from which they fired repeatedly in the hope of dislodging the policemen. By this time about 30 shots had been exchanged without a man dropping. A number of citizens, aroused by the firing, went to the aid of the police. They were armed with rifles, and hearing the sharp cracks of these weapons the outlaws fled. They formed a square and firing five volleys broke into a run toward the banks of the Susquehannah, and escaped across the stream in boats, and now are in hiding in Centre Mountain.

TIRED OF TORYISM.

Quebeckers Fast Forsaking the Stick in the Mud-Party.

Ottawa, Jan. 18.—J. Israel Tarte, M. P., is here to-day. He says that the Liberals are making great headway in Quebec, and if dissolution came to-morrow the government would be defeated in that province by over twenty of a majority.

It is understood that parliament will meet on Thursday, March 15th. Outside of tariff legislation the only bill of importance will be an insolvency act.

Hooper Wept Copiously.

Joliette, Que., Jan. 18.—J. N. Greenshields, Q. C., addressed the jury in the defence in the Hooper case this morning. He began by saying: "Gentlemen of the jury, the charge against the prisoner is murder, and if you find him guilty of that dread charge it will be the duty of the judge to sentence him to die. Before you think of rendering a verdict of guilty of such a dreadful crime, I charge you to think carefully over the evidence." Mr. Greenshields then reviewed the case as done by Mr. Renaud yesterday. During the address the prisoner wept copiously. The address was most able and eloquent. A verdict is expected to-night or to-morrow morning.

Dynamite on Board.

San Francisco, Jan. 18.—In the trial of John P. Hanson for attempting to blow up the tug Ethel and Marion, the assistant district attorney in his opening statement this morning said he would prove that Hanson bought dynamite and was afterwards seen putting something in the piston of the tug and then striking a match. The stuff found on the piston after Hanson's departure was taken to a chemist and found to be an explosive of sufficient power to have blown the tug to pieces.

On Trial for Murder.

San Francisco, Jan. 18.—The preliminary examination of Mrs. Jane Shaltuck, who shot and killed Harry Poole, her daughter's lover, was commenced in police court this morning. Mrs. Shaltuck continues to act like an insane person, and during the proceedings she stared straight in front of her, seemingly taking no interest in the case whatever.

Gold in York State.

Nyack, N. Y., Jan. 18.—Gold, with a liberal sprinkling of other materials, has been found two miles south of Hevestraw, on property owned by Charles Williams and leased by Bogert Eckenson, the latter a wealthy resident of Haverstraw. Operations were begun there last month, but the matter was kept quiet. Now, however, a shaft has been sunk 100 feet and drills and pumps have been put in. Those in charge say a considerable quantity of pure gold has been found, with some copper and silver.

Daring Robbery.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 18.—Court street was crowded to-night, when a stranger hurled a brick through the plate glass window of Barrington and Freeman's jewelry store, opposite the old courthouse. Before the promenaders realized what had been done the man reached through the broken window and abstracted a tray containing $3,000 worth of diamonds. The man emptied the contents into his overcoat pocket and escaped.

Atlantic Shipping.

New York, Jan. 18.—Arrived: Majestic, Queenstown; Amsterdam, Rotterdam; Strouans, Avonmouth; Waesland, Antwerp; Zandam, Amsterdam; Galileo, Hull; Hansa, Liverpool.

What Some Women Suffer.

Bridgeport, Conn., Jan. 18.—Joseph W. Keeton, of New Haven, at present in this city, caused the arrest of his wife, whom he found living with John Munn, also of New Haven. In the city court yesterday the woman testified that they were married in New Haven, and that she was the mother of eight children. "If you want to know where they are I can tell you," she said, and looking directly at her husband, she went on: "They are all dead, and you murdered them. Your shameful abuse of me killed my children, not one of the eight having lived more than four or five days." Her husband denied most of the charges, but admitted that several children died for want of care. The accused couple were held in $500 bonds.

For Denouncing Roman Catholicism.

Kankakee, Ill., Jan. 18.—Walter A. Sims, a P. A. lecturer, had been denouncing Roman Catholics. After his address last night, and while on his way to his hotel, he was greeted with yells of derision and cries of "Lynch him." Stones and clubs were freely used and revolvers were drawn both by Sims' sympathizers and the Roman Catholics. Sims was badly hurt by stones; several other persons were injured. Sims left town this morning under protection.

STILL BANGING AWAY

Enormous Expenditure of Powder and Shot at Rio.

THE TAMANDARES' RAPID FIRE GUNS

Many Inoffensive Persons Killed in the City.

H.M.S. Beagle's Actions Cause Annoyance—The Heroic Defenders of Bage—Uruguayan Mercenaries Charged With Barbarous Conduct—Children Butchered and Women Insulted—Admiral Benham Cordially Received.

Montevideo, Jan. 18.—The usual desultory firing has been going on around Rio for the last two days, and the cruiser Tomandares' rapid gunnery with smokeless powder has been unusually effective.

The action of the British gunboat, Beagle, in cruising for two days outside the port has caused the government officers considerable annoyance. They seem to think she went out to watch for the arrival of the Aquidaban or another rebel ship and then bring the news into port.

Peixoto's gunners are shelling the rebel naval stores on Gusades Island. The rebels in launches and the Cobras island garrison maintain their fire upon the city of Rio day and night with rapid firing guns, killing and wounding inoffensive persons. This has caused much ill-feeling, even among the friends of the rebels, who protest against the wanton destruction of life.

Continuous attacks have been made for the last two days by the fleet upon the landing places of the town of Nitherohi, but the government batteries answered briskly.

President Peixoto has received a telephone message from Porto Allegro saying the insurgents, under Gen. Tavares, have raised the siege of Bage and have fled, pursued by Col. Lamapre and his command. The Bage garrison, which was composed of 90 guardsmen, citizens and some regulars, successfully sustained the siege for 18 days and 19 nights, suffering great hardships from lack of provisions. Among the besiegers were 500 Uruguayans, and the cruel killing of several citizens captured, the sacking of houses on the outskirts, the violence shown to women, and the slaughter of children, are blamed by the Brazilians, it is reported in Rio, largely upon these Uruguayans.

When Rear-Admiral Benham with his staff and United States Minister Thompson paid a visit to the minister of foreign affairs in Rio they were received with the utmost courtesy. It is rumored that there is a split in the rebel councils and that Mello is not in accord with Saldanha da Gama.

London, Jan. 18.—A Rio dispatch says the insurgents have again occupied Mocangue island; also that the defenders of Bage succeeded in driving off the insurgent besiegers.

Vasquez and Bonilla.

La Libertad, Jan. 18.—President Vasquez has made an attack on Choluteca, which General Ortez' troops have held against the Nicaraguan invaders. General Ortez' troops have left Nacaomo and are endeavoring to surround Vasquez.

Flower of Mexico's Cavalry.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 18.—Six hundred rurales, the flower of Mexico's cavalry, arrived in Chihuahua to-night from the City of Mexico by two special trains. The town is nearly surrounded by revolutionists and an attack was expected last night. All ranches in the neighborhood are in the hands of the rebels.

No Mail for a Week.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 18.—A dispatch from Charlottetown says the steamer Stanley is still in the ice off Pictou light, and that there have been no mails in Prince Edward Island from the mainland for a week.

His Ancestors' Gold.

Athol, Ont., Jan. 18.—A. Stewart, ex-reeve of Kenyon township, Glengarry, while digging for gravel in his henhouse, unearthed a crock containing $3,870 in gold. His forefathers were known to possess gold.

General News.

Pullman, Ill., Jan. 18.—The marriage of Miss Cora Blanche Hoglen and Frederic Albert Pullman, son of Rev. Dr. James H. Pullman, and nephew of Hon. George M. Pullman, the palace car magnate, was solemnized at high noon to-day at the First Presbyterian church. Over 1000 invitations had been issued and a special train brought the representative leaders of Chicago society. After the wedding a largely attended reception was held.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Mayor Hopkins, the city comptroller, and Chairman Madden of the council finance committee, have decided to relieve the city of its heavy obligations in the way of unpaid judgments, which amount to more than $800,000, by pushing all just claims for damages that are outstanding against the railroads, which will be something like $2,000,000, and apply the money obtained from this source to the payment of these claims.

San Francisco, Jan. 18.—Mrs. Mary Demoon, who was seriously injured by the sudden closing of a folding bed on Tuesday last in this city, died last evening. Her spinal column was fractured by the accident.

Woodland, Cal., Jan. 18.—Six hundred acres of farm land is under water near Dunnigan in this county. Three inches more of rain in the next 24 hours will drown thousands of acres of grain, as the ground is now full of water.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

London, Jan. 17.—Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian High Commissioner in London, in speaking in Wolverhampton this evening, emphasized the actual necessity existing that Great Britain and her colonies should preserve the unity of the Empire. Separation of the colonies would diminish the Empire's greatness, he said, and would cause the colonists to suffer in many ways, notably by loss of prestige and the protection of the British flag. If Great Britain's present policy towards Canada had been adopted in the last century toward the American colonies, the American Union might now be the bright star of the Empire.

London, Jan. 17.—The Central News says that the naval programme to be submitted to Parliament at the next session, will involve the expenditure of £7,000,000 sterling more than the usual outlay.

Barcelona, Jan. 17.—It is reported that a plot to escape has been discovered among the anarchist prisoners. They were to meet outside the city immediately after their escape, and take steps to repeat the dynamite outrages of Pallas and Salvador. The most dangerous prisoners were removed from the prison to Monjuich. The prefects have forbidden further visits from relatives to any of the prisoners.

Bordeaux, Jan. 17.—The French steamer Equateur, Captain Moreau, from Rio de Janeiro for this port, arrived at Pauillac this morning. As she steamed slowly up the river this afternoon the officers entered the safe room with the object of removing valuable postal parcels, when a violent explosion occurred, shaking the vessel throughout. The safe room, adjacent cook's galley and stewards' cabin were all shattered. The galley bulkhead and the thick iron plates of the lower deck were bent and broken. Two sailors were killed, one had his face shattered so badly that he cannot live and another was less seriously injured. The plate glass in the portholes for a long distance from the safe room was blown to atoms. The commissary of the port of Bordeaux opened an enquiry. The consensus of opinion is that the dynamite exploded the moment one of the men killed lifted a package of ostrich feathers, quantities of which were scattered in the vicinity, and other packages were rent open. The wrecked galley was nearly hidden by ostrich plumes.

London, Jan. 17.—The Rome Correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "Intimates of the Pope believe that a revolution is impending in Italy. The bishops and higher clergy are on the side of law and order. The lower ranks of the Sicilian priesthood are regarded at the Vatican as being in sympathy with outrage. The Vatican shares the anxiety of the Quirinal."

London, Jan. 17.—William Holyoke, the painter, died here yesterday. Among his best known works were several pictures executed for the court. His picture of the Prince of Wales' wedding was one of his first celebrated pieces.

Escalon, Mexico, Jan. 17.—Advices have been received from the Sierra Mojada mining camps, situated in this district, of a terrible accident. In the lower part of the town were a number of huts, located very close together. These were set on fire by a band of unknown incendiaries, and before the inhabitants could escape eleven men and several women and children were burned to death. Ten others were burned so badly that they will die.

London, Jan. 17.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily News has announced preparations for an expedition to Madagascar, composed of Marine Fusileers Infantry and four companies of the foreign legion. General Coronna will command. If the expedition reaches the Malagasy capital a treaty will be dictated modeled on the one that placed Tunis under French protection.

Vienna, Jan. 17.—The Austrian government has definitely adopted Archduke Karl Salvator's automatic mitrielleuse arsenals, which have proved highly satisfactory. A hundred of the guns have been already manufactured. The gun will not be used in field service; but only on the outwork of fortresses. It is about half the weight of the Maxim machine gun and has about the same firing rate. The barrel is cased in a water jacket. Twelve hundred rounds can be fired continuously without over-heating the gun.

London, Jan. 17.—The Daily Chronicle, in referring to the report of the British consul at Chicago, says: "The British colonies left the mother country far behind at the Chicago Fair. Great Britain was much worse represented than any other great nation. We incline to lay the blame for this on McKinley's shoulders."

French Affairs.

Paris, Jan. 17.—Among the interpellations of which notice has been given in the chamber of deputies is one by M. Lockroy concerning the condition of the navy and the basis of the scare started by Clemenceaus in La Justice. M. Clovis Huges, socialist deputy, will question the government as to the house searches and the arrests made under the new anti-anarchist law. Adolph Turell will ask what the ministers intend doing to remedy the agricultural distress in the wine and corn districts.

Vaillant's mistress, Marie Chat, received the reporters yesterday when she said that her daughter Sidonie was to stay with Anarchist Martin. No contest for the custody of the child has been made by Chat, and it is certain that the anarchists had no special interest in her welfare. Arrangements for her future were made by Vaillant through his lawyer, M. Laborie. Hietz, a cabinetmaker, with whom Vaillant worked for three years, agreed to adopt, educate and in every way provide for the girl until she should marry. If the Duchess d'Uzes should still wish to give the child money it would be left to accumulate for a marriage dowry. Hietz decided to forbid absolutely that Marie Chat or any other person of doubtful character, should have access to the child, and Vaillant agreed to this. An arrangement was concluded on Sunday evening. Two hours later Marie Chat took Sidonie to Martin's dwelling. Yesterday morning she and the child left the city by the Gare de Lyons. They have been traced to a spot in the suburbs, but no farther. Two hours after Marie Chat took away the girl the police arrested Martin. That the woman was acting for somebody outside the circle of Paris anarchists is certain.

The government newspaper organs ignore the rumors of strained relations between France and England owing to the disorder in Madagascar. Officials scout the story about 10,000 troops marching from Tamatave, the Malagasy port, to Antananarivo, the capital. The officials believe English agents are stirring up the natives to revolt against French influence. There is no diplomatic difference between France and England as regards Madagascar, nor is any rupture with the Malagasy expected by French statesmen.

Deputy Rednock's bill to abolish public executions provides that the executions shall take place within the prison within twenty-four hours after the dismissal of the prisoner's appeal, and that only seven government officials and the prison authorities shall be present.

To Avenge an Insult.

Caracas, Venezuela, Jan. 10.—It is rumored in Caracas that an Italian man-of-war is bound for La Guayra to demand an indemnity of $300,000 for the unprovoked attack upon the family of an Italian merchant in the state of Los Andes, on the borders of Colombia. The state officials demanded $5,000 from the merchant, who, upon refusing, was treated in a most brutal and inhuman manner; his house was forcibly entered by soldiers, and after being stripped of everything portable the owner was beaten and gagged, while his wife and two daughters were assaulted before his eyes. The Italian minister investigated the affair, and promptly demanded indemnity, an apology and the punishment of the offenders. Though the authorities at Caracas have done their utmost to get hold of the guilty parties, Crespoven having removed the president of the state for his indifference in the matter, the problem is no nearer a solution than it was two months ago, and the Italians have become disgusted. Ever since the last revolution there has been more or less discontent in the state of Los Andes, and it would not be a surprise to the government if there should be another outbreak there at any time. Indeed, the first news of the prospective revolution within the borders of Venezuela will doubtless come from Los Andes.

Says He is a Scape Goat

La Porte, Ind., Jan. 18.—Charles Wood, formerly deputy postmaster of this city, convicted of embezzlement and sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the northern penitentiary, and also saddled with a heavy fine and costs, was released to-day, having served his term, less the good conduct commutation. This afternoon he will be taken to Indianapolis and discharged under the poor debtors' act. This, however, will not end the case so far as he is concerned. He proposes to demand a hearing from the next grand jury so that his own side of the case may be heard in full. According to his own statement he was deceived and made a scape goat in the whole transaction, while others were equally guilty with himself, if not more so. Sensational developments are probable if Wood succeeds in getting a hearing before the grand jury.

Opponents of Oleomargarine.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—The proceedings of the national convention of dairymen, representatives of produce exchanges called to advise effective legislation to prevent the fraudulent sale of butter substitutes, was resumed to-day. Many of the delegates who have hitherto been extremely radical in the expression of their views seem to have weakened to some extent, and now take the ground that there is no reasonable objection to the manufacture and sale of substitutes for dairy products provided they are sold on their merits and with the full knowledge on the part of the consumer of their character. The oleomargarine people have been successful in instilling in the minds of other delegates the idea that what is most needed is a reform in the methods of butter making that will keep inferior articles out of the market. Too much of the butter that is sent from the country districts, say the Armours, is of so low a grade that consumers, especially those whose means are limited, infinitely prefer to buy oleomargarine, with a full knowledge of what they are getting. As between the artificial product and a good many of the creameries, it is contended that the former is a blessing in disguise. This kind of argument, however, tends to make the anti-oleomargarine advocates the more bitter and the more determined to continue the fight upon the product.

Suspected Bank Looting.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 18.—The Bank of Plainview, in Pierce county, was closed last August, its officers representing that it had been robbed of cash and notes aggregating $4,000. There was evidence that the safe had been tampered with, but the robbery was never quite satisfactorily explained. The petition filed in the Supreme Court this evening by Receiver Lamb adds new interest to the case. He says he has reason to believe the bank officials looted the institution, taking away cash and negotiable notes. The notes, he says, he has discovered at other banks. One of the officers and an outsider, he alleges, were seen in the bank at an early hour on the day of the alleged robbery. He asks the court for an order compelling an explanation.

Clouds and Lightning.

Why is a thunder cloud so black and lowering? Has the electric discharge anything to do with it? These questions have been partially answered by Mr. Shelford Bidwell, who has recently described his experiments in a popular lecture (Chemical News, Dec. 15th). Lord Rayleigh has already shown that an electrical stick of sealing wax will cause the scattered drops of a jet of water to unite into a steady stream. Taking his cue from this Mr. Bidwell caused a bundle of points to discharge electricity into a jet of steam. It took on immediately the dark, dun-colored aspect of the characteristic thunder-cloud, the number of minute floating drops being apparently enormously increased. Further experiments show that incandescent matter has the same effect. It is well-known that minute dust particles promote condensation by furnishing nuclei for the water drops to form around, and at first it seems likely that the effect on the steam may be due to dust from the discharging points or smoke from the incandescent wire or burning particles. This is not the case, however, for air in which the discharge has taken place or which has been filled with smoke has no effect on the jet. The action seems due to some direct action of light, heat, or electricity, and whatever it is, it is doubtless responsible also for the color of the thunder cloud.

Scrofula eradicated and all kindred diseases cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which by its vitalizing and alterative effects, makes pure blood.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of Events in the Great Republic.

Seattle, Jan. 17.—The new feature of the lockout of the longshoremen by the Pacific Coast Steamship Company is that the cut in wages and other conditions announced by this company are also to be enforced in the loading of coal ships at the Oregon Improvement Company's bunkers. The ships Ivanhoe and Spartan and the bark Germania are carrying coal for the Black Diamond Company, and in addition to these the only ones running here are the ships Kennebec, Columbia and Commodore. The Black Diamond ships will pay but 40 cents an hour hereafter. Captain Hanson, of the Columbia, now loading at the bunkers, said yesterday that he would use his own crew, and in case he wanted more men could pay but 40 cents an hour. They could not afford to pay more and carry coal to San Francisco at $1.80 per ton. It is known that Captain Sawyer, of the Kennebec, will pay but 40 cents, and as this ship and the Commodore are owned by the same men there is no doubt but that the ships will all fall in line. Whether the reduction will be enforced by other firms along the water front is not yet known, as they are non-committal.

San Francisco, Jan. 17.—An attempt has been made here to spirit away, by means of a requisition from Governor Pennoyer, of Oregon, Henry Henrickson, the principal witness for the prosecution in the case of John F. Hansen, charged with attempting to blow up the tug Ethel and Marion with dynamite in April last. A requisition was presented to Governor Markham and a warrant was issued for the arrest of Henrickson for a robbery committed in Astoria 13 years ago. A detective was detailed to point out Henrickson to the officer from Oregon, but he recognized him as a party whom he had seen in conversation with Secretary Furuseth of the Coast Seamen's Union. This fact was communicated to the chief of police, and on enquiries it was found that the matter was a scheme to get Henrickson out of the way while Hansen's trial proceeded.

San Francisco, Jan. 17.—Six persons had a most miraculous escape from instant death yesterday morning about 5 o'clock. About 500 tons of rock which had been loosened by the rain of yesterday, came down from Telegraph Hill with a rush on a two-story house occupied by Peter Brown, his wife and three children, and a Greek named C. Fussuth. As soon as the timbers began to crash, all made a break for the one room and as the mass of rock fell on the roof, the latter formed an arch over the occupants of the house, all of whom were rescued uninjured, except Brown's daughter, 12 years of age, whose leg was cut and torn. William Cooper, a fireman, took the little girl out of the ruins, and on returning for the others fell through one of the timbers and broke his right leg.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The acquittal of Captain Daniel F. Stiles, a retired army officer, of the charges made against him in connection with the opening up of the Oklahoma territory, has been approved by the Assistant Secretary of War. Captain Stiles had charge of the troops sent to preserve order at the opening, and last fall, after he had been placed on the retired list, charges were made by the citizens of Oklahoma that he had allowed friends to secure good sites and had obtained the benefit of the disposition of government property when the troops were withdrawn through connivance with an auctioneer. The court met at Fort Reno, Oklahoma, and acquitted Captain Stiles. The captain was connected with a banking institution in Oklahoma, where he resides.

New York, Jan. 17.—The Dutch steamer Amsterdam arrived from Rotterdam this morning. The captain reports the loss on Jan. 14, in lat. 43.21, long. 58.18, during a small squall, by the capsizing of a lifeboat, of the chief officer and five men while they were attempting to rescue the crew of the sinking American fishing schooner Maggie E. Wells. Another occupant managed to hold on the capsized craft until rescued. Another crew volunteered to attempt to take the crew off the schooner, but the captain of the Amsterdam decided to wait until the snow squall abated. Meantime the schooner was lost sight of, and although a search of two hours was made it could not be found. The crew of the schooner, eight or ten in number, when last seen were tied to the masts and spars.

Diamonds in Meteorites.

The recent announcement that actual diamonds had been found in meteoric iron from Canyon Diablo has now been supplemented by the reports of experiments by Messrs. Kunz and Huntington (American Journal of Science, December) that tend to dispel all lingering doubts to the real character of these little hard, black grains. The dust from these was actually used in September, in the Tiffany pavilion of the World's Fair, to polish other diamonds—a use to which nothing but diamond dust could be put. To answer the objections of those who surmised that the recently-discovered mineral carborundum might be hard enough to polish diamond, some of this was tried and found to be quite inadequate for the purpose.

Schiffmann's Asthma Cure

Who have in vain tried other means of relief should try "Schiffmann's Asthma Cure." No waiting for results. Its action is immediate, direct and certain, as a single trial proves. Send to Dr. R. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn., for a free trial package, but ask your druggist first.

A Cossack Slaughter.

The Berlin Volks Zeitung confirms the story of the slaughter of Catholics by Cossacks at Koona, in Russia in connection with the closing of a church. With the purpose, it is said, of preventing the order from being carried out a large number of Catholics took possession of the church and held it day and night against the authorities. The governor at last sent a troop of Cossacks to dislodge the defenders of the church and a desperate conflict resulted. Twenty of the Catholics were said to have been killed with swords or lances, while 100 were reported to have been wounded. Those who were unhurt or only slightly injured fled from the church, pursued by the Cossacks, who drove them into the river, where many of them were drowned. The orthodox peasants are said to have aided in the massacre.

The Volks Zeitung publishes mail advices from Krosche, bearing out the story in every particular. It adds that the Cossacks displayed the greatest barbarity and took fiendish delight in killing defenceless women and children. It is said that some of the younger women were subjected to the vilest indignities by the Cossacks. After the capture of the church by the soldiers the building was desecrated in every conceivable way. In the meantime the Catholics, who had fled in dismay when they saw so many of their comrades fall, ran in the direction of the river. When the river was reached many of the fugitives plunged in and sought to swim to the other side. A number of them could not stem the torrent and were drowned, the Cossacks standing on the bank laughing and jeering at them in response to their cries for help. Those who did not jump into the river were secured by the Cossacks and taken back to the town, where those who had been captured at the church were held as prisoners. The authorities ordered all of them flogged, and the order was carried out in the market place. Women, as well as men, were stripped until they were practically naked, and, surrounded by the heartless Cossacks and orthodox Russians, they were whipped with knouts. The story has created widespread indignation, and persons who are conversant with the nature of the Cossacks place no faith in the official denial of their actions on this occasion.

On a Cherry-Stone.

Gesa Berger, the actor and newspaper man, has a picture in calligraphy that has a remarkable history. It is in size 30x42 inches, and is the work of Joseph Loew, the most noted counterfeiter that the Austrian government ever knew.

When an application is made for a pardon in Austria, the red tape policy of that country compels the applicant to address the emperor with all his titles. Emperor Ferdinand had about 40 titles. Loew engraved all of those names, together with his petition for a pardon, on a cherry stone.

The letters were so fine that it required the aid of a powerful microscope to decipher them. One day when the emperor visited the prison Loew in person presented a cherry stone to the emperor and told him what it contained. The emperor made an examination and was so amazed at the work that he gave him an unconditional pardon. Not only did he pardon him, but gave him a position as detective to trail down counterfeiters, and in less than two years after his pardon he ran to the earth almost every counterfeiter in Austria, and died a few years ago covered with detective honors. The picture, although made fifty years ago, is in a remarkable state of preservation.—Exhibition.

An Article of War.

An incident of the Austro-Prussian war of 1866 was lately told by the Archduke Joseph to a party of friends. We find the story in the Neue Pester Journal: "On our retreat before the advance of the Prussian army," said the Archduke, "we camped in the neighborhood of a Bohemian town. I was lodged in a peasant's cottage, when, about midnight, I heard the sentry challenging some new comer. My adjutant entered, and reported that a Gipsy wanted to see me in private. A soldier (a Gipsy) entered, and on my asking what was the matter he told me that the enemy were approaching to surprise us. 'The outposts have not heard anything suspicious,' I said. 'No, your highness, because the enemy is still a long way off.' 'But how do you know this?' I asked. 'Come to the window, your highness,' answered the man. 'Do you see those birds flying over the wood towards the south?' 'Yes, I see them, what then?' 'What then! Do not birds sleep as well as men? They would certainly not fly about if they were not disturbed. The enemy is marching through the wood, and has frightened all those birds.' 'Very well, my lad; you can go.' I at once ordered the outposts to be re-inforced and the camp to be alarmed. An hour later the outposts were fighting with the enemy, and our camp was only saved by the keen observation of a simple Gipsy."

American News.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 17.—News was received in this city to-day of the death at Papallo, Italy, of Romano Ghirardelli, of the well-known local chocolate and coffee house of D. Ghirardelli & Sons.

Mr. Chas. N. Hauer

Of Frederick, Md., suffered terribly for over ten years with abscesses and running sores on his left leg. He wasted away, grew weak and thin, and was obliged to use a cane and crutch. Everything which could be thought of was done without good result, until he began taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which effected a perfect cure. Mr. Hauer is now in the best of health. Full particulars of his case will be sent all who address

C. I. HOOD & Co., Lowell, Mass.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.

Just think what these words mean

Johnston's Fluid Beef.

Strength instead of weakness,
Comfort when fatigued,
Health after sickness
and general well-being

These effects have been experienced by thousands.

For sale by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

J. Horner & Co.

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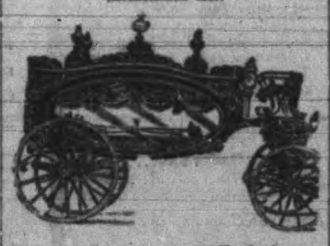
FOR JANUARY.

14 yds Canton Flannel for $1.
7 yds. Grey Flannel for $1.
6 yds. White Flannel for $1.
14 yds. Flannelette for $1.
12 yds. Toweling for $1.
15 yds. White Calico for $1.
Women's Heavy Wool Hose, Black, 25c. a pair.
Women's Cashmere Hose, Black, 25c. a pair.
Children's Heavy Black Wool Hose, 25c. a pair.
Bed Comforts, 75c. each.
Grey Blankets, $2 a pair.
Samples of Carpets, 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.
One more Case of those 50c. Corsets, worth 6c.

J. Horner & Co.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)



Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Richard E. Taylor and William James Hanna, under the firm name of "Hanna & Taylor" has been dissolved, and the business will in future be carried on by William James Hanna, who alone will discharge the liabilities and collect the debts of the old firm.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., January 9th, 1894.

R. E. TAYLOR.
W. J. HANNA.

Witness: A. C. Luxton. j12

PUBLIC NOTICE

The following named street is closed to public traffic till further notice, viz: Stanley Street, from North Chatham to Bodwell Street.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

j11-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following streets are closed to traffic until further notice: Maclure street from south side of Belleville Street to the Public Park, also the north end of Park Street at its junction with Maclure.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

COCOA and CHOCOLATE
Highest Awards
(Medals and Diplomas)
World's Columbian Exposition.
On the following articles, namely:
BREAKFAST COCOA,
PREMIUM No. 1 CHOCOLATE,
GERMAN SWEET CHOCOLATE,
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COCOA BUTTER,
For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."
SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.
WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

W. J. STODDART.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired at the lowest price in town and the best of work.
Cleaning, 75c.; best main spring, 75c; balance staffs, $1.25; clocks cleaned, 50c.; seal teeth mounted for brooches in gold, $3.50; seal charms and pins, $2.00.
Repairs of every description.
New York Hotel Building, Yates Street,
Opposite Wilson Hotel.
N.B.—Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs repaired at half the price charged elsewhere.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 42 Third street, Victoria. 1fm20

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For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

WE CLAIM

To be the only house in B. C. where you can be fitted with glasses which will give comfort and ease to the eyes.
To furnish glasses FAR SUPERIOR in quality to any you can obtain elsewhere.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,
ONLY OPTICIANS OF B. C., 37 Fort St.
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VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - Manager

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.
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Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. o19-tf

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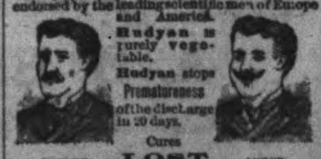
Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.



Hudyan is purely vegetable.
Hudyan stops Premature ness of the discharge in 20 days.
Cures
BEFORE LOST AFTER
MANHOOD
Constipation, Dizziness, Failing Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and develops and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Premaureness means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialists of the California Hudyan Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made, its very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of charge. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

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KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S
FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases.
Sold by chemists throughout the world.
A. C. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
Agents for B.C.

JOE THE MAIL CARRIER.

A Tale of the Northwest

BY ALICK BEGG.

In the sixties the mail from the east was carried across the plains from Fort Abercrombie to Fort Garry by means of horse conveyance during the summer and dog sleds in winter.

Traders and others in the Red River country who wished to visit St. Paul during the winter months generally did so by travelling with dog trains.

Each train consisted of a sled or carjole to which four dogs were harnessed. These animals were trained to obey by word of mouth and whip, no reins being used. The distance travelled each day varied from five to forty miles or more according to the weather and the state of the snow surface.

One day in the winter of '68 as I was walking in the direction of the fort I met a trader named Bob, who was a great friends of mine.

"Hear the news?" he said.

"No!" I answered.

"About mink in St. Paul?"

"No. What is it?" I asked.

"Six-ten a skin," he replied.

"Jehosophat!" I exclaimed.

"Fact!" said Bob.

"Have you any?" I enquired.

"About three hundred," he said; "and you?"

"Can go you a hundred better," I replied, and then added: "Say Bob, boy, let's go down. What do you say?"

"I think it is worth the trip," said Bob, "and maybe we'll pick up a few more skins before we go."

So it was then and there arranged that we should start for St. Paul as soon as we could get our dog trains ready.

It was not generally known in the settlement that the price of mink skins was so high in St. Paul and therefore Bob and I had little difficulty in picking up a few hundred, so that when we were ready for out journey we had over 1000 altogether.

We required three trains, consisting of 12 dogs, three sets of harness and three sleds, but these we had already and a halfbreed runner engaged within a week from the day we met and decided to go.

We made the start from Dutch George's tavern—after a parting drink with the boys. The sleds were all neatly packed, and the dogs, with their gaudy harness, were lying on the snow ready for the command to start. A shake hand all round and then our runner gave the word, "Ho! Black, marche!" and we were off.

Past the walls of Fort Garry we crossed the Assiniboine on the ice and then skirted along the banks of the Red River. As we passed the log houses of the French halfbreed settlers we received many a "bon voyage" from the occupants who came out and waved their hands to us as we flew past. The trail was in splendid condition for travelling and the dogs were fresh so we made good time so long as we were within the limits of the settlements.

It must not be supposed that we rode on the sleds. On the contrary we ran by the side of them or behind urging the dogs along with calls and a free use of the whip when necessary. Sometimes we would jump on the sled for a short rest but not often and in the deep snow when we had to use our snow shoes we were obliged to walk or run in front of the dogs to beat a path for them. A journey therefore of several hundred miles in winter was no easy matter in those days.

Shortly after leaving Fort Garry as we passed a neat little cottage with every appearance of comfort around it a bright eyed rosy young woman came out and called to us in French:—"Bon voyage! my friends. If you meet Joe give him this," and she waved a kiss to us with her hand. "Tell him," she added as we spun around the corner of her cottage, "that I'm well but longing for him," her bright eyes sparkling and her beautiful face beaming with pleasure as she clapped her hands and waved us an adieu.

After circumstances made me often think of that bright and happy little woman whose hearty salutation sounded so pleasantly on our ears as we sped past her door on that wintry day.

She was the wife of the mail carrier who was known by everybody in the settlement by the name of Joe, and she was in daily expectation of her husband's return from one of his regular trips. They had been married only a few months previous to the time of our story and the little woman was very fond and proud of her "Joe." No wonder, for he was a handsome, generous hearted young fellow and as good and noble in character as he looked in person.

Soon we struck out on the open prairie and from there on there were no more houses to be met with until we reached Fort Abercrombie, so as night approached we always endeavored to make the woods for shelter. To be caught on the open prairie and forced to camp all night on the snow, without fire or any protection from the wind, was no joke, but some times it happened to us.

We were, therefore, making all the speed across a long traverse in order to make the woods beyond before night when we saw a dog train approaching us and recognized Joe, the mail carrier.

"Ho, boys where bound?" he cried as we met him.

"For St. Paul," we answered, and then queried, "Did you leave a good camp Joe?"

"Yes," he said, "and I guess you'll find my fire burning all right."

We then told him that we'd seen his wife, Mary, and gave him her message without, however, the accompanying salutation.

Joe's face beamed with pleasure. "Poor Mary," he said, "it is hard on her left alone so often. Aye! she's a good little woman, boys, and," looking at his dogs. "I've nearly killed my huskies trying to get home to her."

It was true. His dogs were nearly spent. He had a long traverse before him and night was approaching.

So we said: "Why not come back and camp with us to-night, Joe. Your dogs are played out. Come back, Joe, we'll have a good time."

"Well, boys," he said, "Mary's waiting and its too bad, but I don't believe the brutes can do it for the traverse is long," looking at the broad expanse of snow-covered prairie before him, "so I'll go back with you."

The prospect of a companion for the evening, especially one who was so full of anecdote and fun as Joe, was pleasant to us and we lost no time in taking up his trail to the camp where he had left. We reached it before dark and found it a well-sheltered spot with the embers of Joe's supper fire still smouldering, and which it did not take us long to make into a big roaring blaze.

I acted as cook, and while I was preparing the supper Bob and Joe fed the dogs and put the camp into order for the night. A hearty meal of pemmican and biscuit washed down with good, strong black tea, soon made us feel comfortable and contented with ourselves and all the world.

Then spreading our robes and blankets we sat down and played several games of cards, Joe all the time keeping us in roars of laughter with his quaint sayings and funny stories. In front of us a great fire blazed, and behind us were ranged in a semicircle our sleds, back of which the dogs lay asleep. All around us was dense forest for we had gone well into the woods where the snow was deep but the air calm. It was one of the pleasantest campings I ever experienced, and we sat up enjoying it well into the night.

At last we turned in and the next morning Joe arose, boiled some tea (as we called it) for himself, and made a start for home without awakening us.

When we arose some time afterwards, the wind was blowing a hurricane through the trees, and as we noted its direction we saw that it would be in our backs, but Joe would have to face it.

"Bob," I said, "I am very sorry we asked Joe to come back with us last night; he'll have an awful time of it today."

"Oh!" said Bob, "Joe is all right. He'll take the river."

"I don't know about that," I answered, "the river is a long way round and Joe is anxious to get back; he'll risk a blizzard when most men would not face it."

"Don't bother about Joe," said Bob; "he hasn't carried the mail for years without learning how to travel. Let's have something to eat."

Bob and I then cooked our breakfast, packed our sleds, harnessed our dogs and were really to start once more on our journey, when I spoke up:

"Say, Bob! boy, a day lost to us won't matter to us. I can't get Joe out of my head. Let us turn back and see if he's all right."

"Have you been tipping the flask this morning?" asked my companion, "or have you gone mad. Do you expect to find Joe in that blizzard out on the open prairie?"

"I'm not such a fool," I answered, a little nettled at Bob's words, "but I am going back by the river, and if I come across Joe's trail there I'll be satisfied and come back. If I don't then Joe will never reach home this day. Going I am," I said determinedly, "whether you go or not."

"You are the craziest d——d fool I ever met with," said Bob, "but if you're bound to go I am going with you."

So we turned the dogs' heads in the direction of the river and travelled along its bed, plunging through the deep snow as we went, much to the dissatisfaction of Bob, who could not overcome his ill-humor. Our dogs felt the strain very much too, but the idea of giving up and turning back never entered my head.

We travelled a long distance without seeing any trace of a trail, and Bob was beginning to think that Joe after all had taken the open prairie and faced the blizzard, when in a sheltered part of the river we struck the trail of a dog train.

"There," cried Bob exultingly, "I told you so. Are you satisfied now?"

"No, I am not," I said. "Joe's train passed this way, no doubt. But where is there any mark of Joe's snowshoes?"

Sure enough, there was the indent on the snow made by the sled, but no sign of any one having driven them. We knew that Joe seldom rode, but as something might have caused him to jump on the sled, we followed the trail for several miles until we were satisfied that the dogs had been making their way home alone. Then we turned to search for Joe, Bob as eager now as myself.

As we retraced our steps we carefully scanned and sometimes searched the bank of the river to find some trace of where Joe took to the river, but it was well on in the afternoon before we discovered any marks on the snow sufficient to induce us to leave the river bed. At last the trail made an abrupt turn, and, following it, we were convinced that this was the spot where Joe's train had left the woods.

We managed to scramble up the bank with much difficulty, and then after going a short distance through the woods we came to an opening down which the blizzard rushed, carrying with it the fine snow with frightful velocity in dense and blinding clouds. Beyond the open, however, we managed to catch a glimpse of another, or as it were double bank of the river beyond, and so making a rush for it, and lashing our dogs, which had given signs of being exhausted, we succeeded in reaching the second line of woods. But up the bank our dogs could not go, they being thoroughly played out, and I before only the excitement of the hunt kept life in Bob and myself. So we drove the dogs into a sheltered spot, and tying the sleds each to a tree, although in fact there was little danger of the dogs moving, Bob and I commenced a search along the bank.

We had not searched long until we found Joe's body, nearly covered with snow, and lying at the bottom of a steep bank. As we lifted him we saw that he had bled copiously from a terrible wound on the head. It was evident that in attempting to descend the bank in the blinding storm he had stumbled and been dashed down the bank, striking his head against a protruding branch as he went. He must have been knocked unconscious at once, and while in this state his life blood had flowed from him. Thus his dogs had slipped from him and continued their way alone in the direction of home.

We of course endeavored to see if there was a spark of life in Joe, but he was dead and his body almost frozen stiff.

For a moment Bob and I looked into each other's eyes, but neither spoke. The same thought was passing through our minds.

If we had only not persuaded Joe to turn back with us the night before he would then be alive. As I thought of his merry laugh, his bright, handsome face, and his jovial manner as he shared our camp the previous night, he now so cold, so white, so still. It was awful. And then the thought of the poor little woman in her cabin on the Red river. The dogs would return without their master, and she, wild eyed, terror stricken and pale, would be watching for Joe to come back; Joe, who would never again return to greet her with a glad caress.

God! it was maddening to me; and poor Bob as he knelt by Joe's body, sobbed like a child, but I—I could not even shed a tear.

We tenderly lifted his body, and I sat by it and waited while Bob went to bring one of the trains to the spot. This he did in a short time after having transferred the load to the other two sleds. Then we placed Joe's body on it and began our mournful journey back to the settlement. Our progress was necessarily slow, owing to the fatigue of the dogs and the depth of the snow, and soon we were met by a party which had come out in search of Joe when the dogs arrived home without him.

They told us of the awful state of mind Joe's wife was in, and feared that the knowledge of his death would kill her after the dreadful suspense she had suffered.

As we neared the [illegible] in the doorway she stood, straining her eyes in our direction, but how changed was she from that bright morning, when all smiles and joy, she waved her hands and delivered to us her message of love for Joe. There she stood, her dark hair streaming over her shoulders, her face as white as the driven snow, and her eyes with a strained, hunted look about them, almost of desperation.

As we came near she flew to us, and one glance at the still form wrapped in a blanket on one of the sleds told her all.

With one shriek she threw herself on the body, "Mon Dieu! Mon Dieu! Mon pauvre ce!" Then she tore the covering from the face and covered it with kisses—murmuring her love endearments as if he were alive.

Oh! it was sad—there was not a dry eye among those who looked on.

Gently we led her back to the cottage, and when we had lifted the body of Joe and laid it on the bed, we left the poor grief-stricken, heart-broken woman by his side, in care of her aged mother.

As we turned our steps from the sad scene there could be heard through the clear air in the far distance the chimes of St. Boniface, wafting as it were the soul of poor Joe to his long home—the home of peace.

A NEW BRUNSWICK STORY.

The Remarkable Experience of a Husband and Wife—Their Story as Told a Reporter.

Recently, says the Newcastle Union-Advocate, there came to the knowledge of this paper the story of two residents of the town, Mr. and Mrs. Hammill, which was thought to be of sufficient interest to warrant publication, and a reporter was detailed to obtain an interview. What he learned may be summarized as follows:

For two years Mrs. Hammill had been in a very poor state of health, steadily growing weaker, until she was unable to do the work about the house. Pains in the back and limbs, weakness, dizziness and other disagreeable symptoms troubled her. For some time she had been under the treatment of doctors, but they effected no improvement, and she had given up all hope of regaining her health. Having heard of the cures effected by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills she decided to try them, and did so, with, to her, wonderful results. She had been taking but a few boxes when a gradual improvement seemed to take place. The pains in her back and limbs left her, as did the other unpleasant symptoms, and at the present time she is as well as ever she was, and without feeling the tiredness and exhaustion of her former state.

At her recommendation her husband also began the use of Pink Pills. He had suffered from an attack of typhoid fever, from the effects of which he did not recover his former health. His blood seemed to be thin and watery and he was weak and easily worn out. After taking a few boxes he began to feel a wonderful change. The tired feeling left him, and he had a better appetite and enjoyed his food with a relish he had not had before. He continued taking the pills for some time, and is fully restored to his old-time health and strength.

For nervous debility, pains in the back and limbs, dizziness, headache, and for rebuilding the system after attacks of acute diseases, fevers, etc., Dr. Williams' Pink Pills surpass any other known remedy. They are the greatest blood-builder and nerve tonic in existence. If you cannot get these pills from your dealer they will be sent post paid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y. See that you get the genuine.

Italian Rioters.

Rome, Jan. 17.—The decree proclaiming a state of siege in Carrara and Massa di Carrara said: "The movement, while non-political, is directed against society. Its aim is the dissolution of the Italian nation, the injury of property and the destruction of family life." The relation of the Carrara movement to that in Sicily is only suggested by the language of the decree. General Hulch, commander-in-in chief of the district, published this evening a manifesto, in which he said: "I shall watch rigorously over the destinies of the hard-working populace who have been disturbed by the misconduct of a few headstrong and misguided men." General Hulch appeals to the citizens to co-operate with him in his efforts to preserve order. All the quarrymen at Carrara struck this afternoon, and there is a prospect that all the marble-cutting trades will be paralyzed. The day passed without a disturbance in Carrara. The streets were deserted, and a heavy and constant rain kept most persons within doors throughout the district and caused a suspension of anarchist activity. The troops have continued, despite the storm, to pursue the bands of anarchists who have fled from the city. In one house about eighty men were arrested this morning. They were all revolutionists who had gone from Carrara and Massa to hide from the police.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tt&w

McGreevy's Subscriptions.

What reply have the Conservative leaders and their press to make to the published charge that between 1872 and 1892 Thomas McGreevy contributed to the party treasury for election purposes not less than $340,000, and that the bulk of this enormous sum came from the proceeds of government contracts? Is this an accusation that the party can afford to pass in silence? Does it not compare in consequence to the Pacific Scandal charges? There is a strong reason for honest Conservative journals to speak out in this fact that of the $340,000 alleged to have been contributed for corrupt purposes $115,000 is said to have gone to the Conservative press. When statements of this kind are given wide circulation it is reasonable to expect that the party organs will have demanded proof. No one supposed they would permit the accusation to pass unchallenged; and the fact that they have done so has created a very unfavorable impression in the public mind. The Conservatives should not leave it to the Liberals in parliament to force an investigation of such charges. Good party tactics (if not a love of right) should lead the Conservative papers of Canada to insist on explanations with a view to purging the party of all who were concerned in such tainted proceedings. How much longer do they intend to preserve silence? Or do they propose to leave the iniative to the parpropose to leave the initiative to the parfor accusations of this character to be standing before the country for months, with the party immediately affected by them treating them with indifference. Fair-minded men will form their own opinion of such callous disregard of public sentiment.

If it is true, as is commonly averred, and in some cases known, that the press which supports the government is subsidized by money so collected, the injury done the people is double; first, by dishonest and purchased public instructors, and secondly, by handicapping the honest press, which has to compete with the liberal expenditures which such subsidies render possible. Happily for honest business, such aid seldom puts real life into real enterprise. It is strange to see honest men, who seem to be as much pained at public corruption as any of us, steadily suporting that contemptible combination which holds itself together by the manipulation of public funds paid out of the public chest to contractors on condition that the moneys shall be repaid for the purchase of votes and of hired advocacy. Honest we must admit that they are in their horror for elective corruption, yet, if we must admit the truth, many of them support the dishonest combination because they are themselves bought. They are utterly indignant at such an imputation, yet if they were forced, as certain of old were forced by the presence of Him who was ever a conscience to men, to analyze their reasons for being found politically where they are, they would have to confess, in the words of one of them, a thoroughly good man, that the protection afforded to some of their interests was worth more to them than all the country loses by malversation, or, in other words, that the process by which their fellow-citizens are forced to pay to them more than they could otherwise buy for has purchased them, and, being partners in the great corrupt machine, they must support it. When the rascal who sells his vote, or who sells his soul in telegraphing other men's votes, is brought forth for public execration, does no voice, speaking from the inward depths, say: Let him among you that is without the same sin cast the first stone.—Montreal Witness.

Life is Misery.

To many people who have the taint of scrofula in their blood. The agonies caused by the dreadful running sores and other manifestations of this disease are beyond description. There is no other remedy equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood disease. It is reasonably sure to benefit all who give it a fair trial.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, softening Water, Disinfecting and 8 hundred Household uses. A can equals 27 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto.

DO YOU WANT

To get a situation
To hire help
To let a room
To let a house
To buy anything
To sell anything

Then Try a "Times Liner,"

ONE CENT

Per word each insertion.

A Racking Cough

Cured by Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Mrs. P. D. HALL, 217 Genessee St., Lockport, N. Y., says:

"Over thirty years ago, I remember hearing my father describe the wonderful curative effects of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. During a recent attack of La Grippe, which assumed the form of a catarrh, soreness of the lungs, accompanied by an aggravating cough, I used various remedies and prescriptions. While some of these medicines partially alleviated the coughing during the day, none of them afforded me any relief from that spasmodic action of the lungs which would seize me the moment I attempted to lie down at night. After ten or twelve such nights, I was

Nearly in Despair,

and had about decided to sit up all night in my easy chair, and procure relief, sleep I could in that way. It then occurred to me that I had a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I took a spoonful of this preparation in a little water, and was able to lie down without coughing. In a few moments, I fell asleep, and awoke in the morning greatly refreshed and feeling much better. I took a teaspoonful of the Pectoral every night for a week, then gradually decreased the dose, and in two weeks my cough was cured."

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Prompt to act, sure to cure

A Common Error.

Chocolate & Cocoa are by many supposed to be one and the same, only that one is a powder, (hence more easily cooked,) and the other is not.

This is wrong--
TAKE the Yolk from the Egg,
TAKE the Oil from the Olive,
What is left?

A Residue. So with COCOA.

In comparison,
COCOA is Skimmed Milk,
CHOCOLATE, Pure Cream.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 60 MILLION POUNDS.

If he hasn't it on sale, send his name and your address to Menier, Canadian Branch, 12 & 14 St. John Street, Montreal.

WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

1894.

Harper's Bazaar.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S BAZAR is a journal for the home. It gives the fullest and latest information about Fashions; and its numerous illustrations, Paris designs, and pattern-sheet supplements are indispensible alike to the home dress-maker and the professional modiste. No expense is spared to make its artistic attractiveness of the highest order. Its bright stories, amusing comedies, and thoughtful essays satisfy all tastes, and its last page is famous as a budget of wit and humor. In its weekly issues everything is included which is of interest to women. The Serials for 1894 will be written by William Black and Walter Besant. Short stories will be written by Mary E. Wilkins, Marie Louise Pool, Ruth McEnery Stuart, Harriet Harland and others. Out-door Sports and In-door Games, Social Entertainment, Embroidery, and other interesting topics will receive constant attention. A new series is promised of "Coffee and Repartee."

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00

Postage free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

The Volumes of the Bazar begin with the first number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at the time of receipt of order.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Bazar for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, post paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $1 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address: HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

NO. 217.

A BY-LAW

A By-Law to change the name of a portion of the Saanich Road and to authorize the names of streets situate within the limits of the City of Victoria to be affixed at the corners of the said streets upon either public or private property.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. That the name of that portion of the street now called or known as the Saanich Road, situate within the limits of the City of Victoria which lies between Pembroke street and Tolmie Avenue, being a continuation of the street known as Douglas street, be and the same is hereby changed to that of Douglas street, and the said portion of Saanich Road which lies between Pembroke street and Tolmie Avenue shall hereafter be called and known as Douglas street.

2. It shall be lawful for the Corporation under the direction of the City Engineer to affix at the corners of any street within the City of Victoria, and either on public or private property boards or other signs with the names of such streets respectively appearing thereon.

3. This by-law may be cited as "The Street Sign By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 29th day of December, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 26th day of December, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 50 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blowholes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $23 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

1894.

Harper's Weekly.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S WEEKLY is beyond all question the leading journal in America, in its splendid illustrations, in its corps of distinguished contributors, and in its vast army of readers. In special lines, it draws on the highest order of talent, the men best fitted by position and training to treat the leading topics of the day. In fiction, the most popular story-writers contribute to its columns. Superb drawings by the foremost artists illustrate its special articles, its stories, and every notable event of public interest; it contains portraits of of the distinguished men and women who are making the history of the time, while special attention is given to the Army and Navy, Amateur Sport, and Music and the Drama, by distinguished experts. In a word, Harper's Weekly combines the newest features of the daily paper and the artistic and literary qualities of the magazine with the solid critical character of the review.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

The volumes of the Weekly begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at the time of receipt of order.

Bound volumes of Harper's Weekly for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address: HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

NELSON, B.C.

VETERINARY.

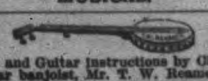
S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.



BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sister Block. n4

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 2, S.W. corner of Five Sister Block, 2nd flat, Fort street. o10-tf

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dist Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, ja13 Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja14 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy28 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON,
1-19 scribe z.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight re cordially invited to attend. R. PETERSON,
oct9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 138

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE,
137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

DR. LEITCH.
Office, Williams' Block, 28 Broad Street; residence 129 Quadra Street; telephone, 181.

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
934½ Douglas Street.

If Others Failed
To put your watch in thorough and good running order, I will guarantee to do so, or charge you nothing.
O. TH. LUNDQUIST
Expert Watchmaker, 37 Fort St.,
Split-second, repeaters and chronographs my specialty. Terms as low as the lowest. Estimates cheerfully given. n14-tf

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.
114 Yates Street.

NOTICE.
I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. D. H. Adams, after this date.
Dec. 28, 1893. D. H. ADAMS.

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL
(PHILHARMONIC HALL.)
AS FAMILY THEATRE.
W. M. CHAPMAN.....Manager.
NOW OPEN
Every Evening at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,
JANUARY 15th, 16th and 17th
The Two English Comedies,
WITHERED LEAVES
—AND—
CUT OFF WITH A SHILLING,
and a fine Vaudeville Bill.
Change of bill Thursday Evening—The great War Drama, LYNNWOOD.
Prices 25c., 35c., and 50c. Matinee 10c., 20c., and 30c. Reserved seats at Jamieson's bookstore.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUTH wishes employment in office; lawyer's office preferred. Address "C. H.," Times office. j17-2t

DRESSMAKER wishes sewing in private families. Address 16 Caledonia Ave. ja17-5t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 35cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-26t-o11

BOARD AND LODGING.

TO LET adjoining Government Buildings, first class bedrooms with use of sitting room and fire. 63 Superior street, James Bay.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Royal Saloon. Apply at 40 Quadra street. j3-1m

FARM FOR SALE Or Exchange for city property. Apply Shore's Hardware Store, 57 Johnson St. ja 11-1mo

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO-LET on reasonable terms to proper party; short distance from P. O. Hall, Goepel & Co., 100 Government street. j17-1m

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue.

FOR RENT—That beautifully situated residence on MacGregor Avenue, containing 8 rooms, bath and closets. This house commands one of the best views in Victoria. Apply to Ewen Morrison, Shawnigan Lake Lumber Co.'s Office. d26-1m

TO LET—A residence of twelve rooms. Occupied recently for lodging and boarding house, 139 Johnson street, containing a cellar of one hundred feet long, with walls three feet wide and nine feet high, of solid stone, with a fine malt kiln of iron and brick in the rear of the cellar, directly at the side of Munster's brewery; the kiln could be used either for malting or other drying purposes. Rent to suit the times. Apply upon the premises to Mr. John Leahy for information. The residence can be had separately from the cellar, which is suitable for any kind of dry storage, having a cement floor and perfectly dry, etc. d23

TO LET—Nine-roomed 2-storey house; large garden; near sea and cars; rent low. 224 Simcoe street, between Montreal and St. Lawrence streets, James Bay. d21-1m

TO LET—Two well-lighted flats, one 30x65, and one of 7 rooms. Apply to L. LEWIS, 46 Yates St., city. d7-1m

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—A buggy or phaeton with two seats in good order. Apply, stating price, etc., to E., Times office. j12-6t

SUITS TO ORDER—from $16.00 up, at 101 Douglas St. Jan4-tf

PANTS TO ORDER—from $4.00 up, at 101 Douglas St. Jan4-tf

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH,
BUTCHER AND PACKER,
72 Yates street. Oct7

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

B. C. Benevolent Society.

The Annual General Meeting of Subscribers to the above Society, will be held at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street, on Monday the 22nd January, instant, at 3 o'clock p.m.

A full attendance is specially requested. Business of a pressing nature to bring forward.

NOTICE.

The Tenth Annual General Meeting of the members of the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's hall, Broad street, on Friday, January 19th, at 8 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the reports of the Board of Directors and Secretary, and the balance sheets and statements of the Secretary and Treasurer for the year ending December 31, 1893, for the election of officers and Board of Management for the ensuing year, for holding the seventy-first drawing for an appropriation and the transaction of such business as may be brought before the meeting.

By order,
B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
Victoria, B.C., Jan. 12, 1894. td

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following named street is closed to public traffic till further notice, viz: First street, between Bay and King's Road.

E. A WILMOT,
City Engineer.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier to any part of the city per week.....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

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Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS.

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The Daily Times.

IMMIGRATION FROM BRITAIN.

A special cable to the Montreal Witness gives some interesting details in regard to emigration from Britain during the year 1893, taken from the report recently issued by the Imperial Government. The departures of all nationalities, foreign as well as British from British ports during the twelve months numbered 307,750, showing a decrease as compared with those of the previous year of 13,647. The British emigrants numbered 200,117, a decrease of 925. Of these 134,302 were English, an increase this year of 487; 22,600 were Scottish, a decrease of 665; and 52,155 were Irish, a decrease of 747. The destinations of the emigrants were as follows: For the United States, 149,150, a decrease as compared with last year of 889; for Canada, 24,759, an increase of 1505, entirely due to the increase in the English emigrants to the Dominion; for Australia, 11,264, a decrease of 4686; for South Africa, 13,092, increase of 3201. The foreigners going to the United States numbered 64,100, a decrease of 21,082; this decrease is due largely to the increased numbers of continental emigrants who sail from foreign ports. The foreigners going to Canada numbered 25,612, an increase for the year as compared with last of 7000. In commenting on these figures the Witness expresses pleasure on account of the growing numbers of those who incline to make their homes in Canada, a pleasure that will be shared by all who take an interest in the country's development. There will also be a general agreement with the Witness when it proceeds as follows to point out what should be done in the way of affording real encouragement to immigrants:

What Canada needs in order to encourage the classes of emigration which she is most anxious to secure is free trade. The agriculturists of Europe are being driven from home by American, Indian, Russian, South American and Australian competition, and they will go to the country which offers the best home to agriculturists. Canada's mode of government, the individual liberty of the people, the protection afforded to life and property, her railway, canal and highway means of communication and transportation, her educational system in most provinces, are almost all that could be desired by the agricultural emigrant. But so long as Canada levies a heavy protective tariff upon all the farmer purchases, compelling him to pay enhanced prices for all he buys, while at the same time he is compelled to sell his produce in the open market of the world free to the competition of all nations, she cannot expect that her population, especially her agricultural population, which is so necessary to her prosperity, will increase as rapidly as it should. Let us have tariff reform.

While the wide question of tariff reform is of the utmost importance in connection with immigration, the government should give some attention to a customs matter that looks comparatively trifling but gives occasion for a good deal of irritation. We refer to the duty levied on gifts sent to residents of Canada "from home." Many have had irritating experiences of the exactions practised in this line, and lately a number of instances have caused discussion in Manitoba. In one case a son was taxed 30 cents on a picture of his mother; in another a settler secured a parcel containing a pair of socks after he had written two or three letters and paid a duty of 54 cents, which was probably a good deal more than the value of the socks in England. In another case a tax of $7 and a good deal of trouble was the cost of a parcel of home-made fancy articles of no value to the recipient except as a remembrance of the senders. A government is surely engaged in petty business when it thus fines people for receiving little kindnesses from friends across the sea. The revenue collected in this way cannot be large, while its collection is most likely to give people in Britain a most unpleasant impression of Canada as a country where the customs tyranny is a little too far-reaching. Canada will lose more from such an impression being created than all the government can gain in the way of customs receipts.

AN ORGAN'S WAIL.

The worthy Colonist whiningly complains that the opponents of the Davie government are determined to oppose every administrative act and legislative measure of that government. This is curious, for nobody else has yet found the opposition possessed of such determination, nor can the inference be correctly drawn from the opposition's past course. We are afraid our neighbor has once more been drawing upon its fertile imagination. It is true that a considerable number of members of the assembly, representing the large majority of the people, have felt impelled to condemn the general course and conduct of the government, but everybody except the Colonist knows that the opposition has been based purely on the demerits of the government's actions, and not on any factious grounds. It is not so very long since the Colonist itself was a bitter opponent of the head of the government. It is not so long since it affirmed that he was likely to turn the administration of justice in this province into a farce and intimated that he was not fit even for the attorney-general's office. The change in its opinion was not due to any improvement in the attorney-general, but to a slight application of the whiplash to its back by that astute gentleman. The opposition members, having no such reason to change their views, still agree with the former opinion of the Colonist and find the same objections as of yore to his continuance in office. And as they agree with the Colonist in its pre-conversion days as to Mr. Davie's unfitness to head his particular department, it is but natural that they should find him still more unfit to be head of the government. That conclusion not only follows from the Colonist's own dictum but is justified by the actions of the government under Mr. Davie's leadership. The opposition members will undoubtedly find it necessary to oppose most of the government's acts, in the interest of the province. For that they will be rewarded with the abuse of the government and its organs, but they will be apt to look upon abuse from those sources as the very highest compliment that can be paid them.

There is a story going about to the effect that an armed force is being raised in Vancouver and Winnipeg and other unnamed places to be sent to Hawaii in the service of ex-Queen Liliuokalani. It is probably a canard, emanating from some over-heated imagination. If there is really any truth in the report, it would be well for those taking part in the alleged enterprise to remember that they are engaged in a distinctly illegal business. The Canadian government is bound to prevent any such breach of the neutrality law.

Major Sam Hughes, the Lindsay editor and warrior, has been fined $15 for knocking down and kicking a political opponent when in a defenceless position. The Major used to be a decent Liberal, but since he joined the Tory ranks he seems to have conceived the plan of carrying his party's election methods even into fisticuff contests. It is probably another case of "evil communications."

What German Prisons Are Like.

A Frenchman named Klein, who has just been released after undergoing a long term of imprisonment in Germany as a spy, gives a very uninviting description of life in German prisons. Klein has just returned to Bar-le-Duc, where his family reside. On the 11th of February, 1887, he was arrested at Strasbourg, where he was detained for five months awaiting his trial. At the end of that time he was taken to Leipzic, where he was tried, found guilty and sentenced to six years' hard labor. Soon after he was removed to a prison at Halle-on-Saale. For four years, according to his story, he was not allowed to see or speak to anyone, so that his reason seemed to be impaired, and he was removed, first to a mad-house at Berlin, then to another in Stephansfeld. He was finally liberated on the 17th of last month. At the prison of Halle, Klein occupied a cell about 12 cubic metres in size, with one small window in it, and his bed was a plank with a maize straw mattress and one blanket. His food consisted chiefly of barley, peas and other grain, with soup made of meat twice a week, and of tallow the other five days. The allotted daily task for each prisoner was 12 pairs of socks, and the penalty for not completing them a beating with a cane. Klein earned 25 marks, or $5, for his six years' work.

Max O'Rell as a Lecturer.

M. Paul Blouet, whom the world generally knows better by his pseudonym of Max O'Rell, finds touring as a lecturer rather hard work. During his last tour, so he has informed a correspondent of Cassell's Saturday Journal, he gave 446 lectures within a period of 12 months, and the countries he visited embraced America, Canada, the South Sea Islands, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa. On his way he met with a number of adventures, travelling sometimes in stage coaches, in regions where there are no railways, while in one place, where there are railways, but trains are few and far between, he and his party had to travel on the top of some laden goods trucks. There is a reverse side of the picture, however. Thus, in Johannesburg his receipts for a week were £1058. At Samoa the lecturer visited Mr. R. L. Stevenson, and found him in good health and high spirits. Perhaps M. Blouet's greatest trial as a Frenchman was at a place in New Zealand, where a drunken man would insist, until he was ejected, on having a lecture on "Waterloo" substituted for the one announced.

On His Feet Again.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—John Cudahy, who failed for nearly $3,000,000 in the September pork corner, is again on his feet. By a series of plunges on the short side of the wheat market last October he has added $500,000 to his bank account. His notes for $100,000, which were circulating after the failure for 50 cents on the dollar, are now quoted at 80. He has been operating on the same side with Armour and Pardridge.

MAJOR SAM HUGHES FINED.

The Warlike Lindsay Editor and M. P Attacked His Opponent Unfairly.

A Lindsay dispatch says: The trial of Sam Hughes, M.P., to-day before Police Magistrate McIntyre, for assaulting Mr. Kylie, created great interest. The case lasted six hours. The evidence established the fact that Hughes struck Kylie when the latter's hands were in his pockets and kicked him when down. Hughes was fined $15 and costs.

A few days ago the major's own account of the affair, as published in his own paper, the Warder, was reproduced. The Lindsay Post gives this version:

The election of Reeve Kylie by a large majority on Monday last seems to have aggravated Major Sam Hughes, M. P. for North Victoria, even more than the Warder's opposition to that gentleman would seem to indicate. Mr. Kylie's victory preyed upon the mind of the doughty M. P., who depending upon a conviction that "his right hand had not yet lost its cunning," greeted Mr. Kylie on Tuesday last in terms as if there was no doubt whatever, at least in one man's mind, as to which was the better man of the two. The question whether Mr. Kylie had been elected or not resulted, after the use of a few adjectives, in Major Sam Hughes, M. P., calling the former a "liar." Mr. Kylie applied "you're another" argument, whereupon the stalwart M. P. struck the reeve-elect, and managed to get in two blows while Mr. Kylie's hands were in his pockets. Up to this point the major's right arm "still retained its cunning," but from the moment the reeve was in a position to defend himself that right arm of the major's, from the most reliable account we have been able to gather, seemed from some cause or another to have "lost its cunning," and become absolutely paralyzed. One blow from Kylie sent the editor buzzing. Mistaking a post for Kylie, he embraced the post in a sort of "please hold me up" style, but that post having no sympathy the gallant major's knees (they never having boasted cunning) gave way and he fell of a heap in the roadside before the "right," "left," "right," of the still more doughty reeve. Fortunately for the M. P., Mr. Eugene Fee came to the rescue and pulled off the reeve, who by this time had the major down, kneeling upon him in an aggravating sort of "Now what have you got to say for yourself" style. Combatants themselves "can't most generally always tell" how things are going, but as Mr. Fee assured the reeve he had given the M. P. enough, the reeve let him up, and so the M. P. sped away a "wiser, but not the better man."

The Bedouin in the Light of Bedouin Poetry.

The Bedouin is not an idealist. His idea of the beautiful consists in naturalistic description of things around him. This fruit enables us to study the inner life of the sons of the desert through the writings of their poets. The Arab poet nearly always begins by speaking of himself. He praises his own virtues and belittles his enemy. Sometimes he sings the deeds of some prince whose good will he would gain. Then he proceeds to give a most vivid description of his lady, comparing her face and figure with the trees, the flowers and the animals of the desert. The terms used by those Arabs would not always be considerd complimentary by western ladies. The form of the poet lady is generally compared to that of a palm of the desert or one of those sacred trees which the sons of the desert love to decorate with bits of ribbon and votive-offerings to the lesser Genii. Then he begins to draw upon the animal world for his comparisons, especially the antelope and the sheep. Antara, one of these poets, actually addresses his beloved with: "O darling sheep," which need not surprise us when we remember that the Biblical name Rachel means ewe. When the camel which bears the lady away vanishes in the distance Antara sheds tears "like a bursting bottle." Her walk must be "like unto the walk of one who is drunk with wine," or the walk of the Quata bird, a species of prairie-chicken. The Bedouin never praises a lady who has already become his. It would be ridiculous and "not good form."

Next to the lady of his desires comes, in the Bedouin's estimation, his camel, or rather dromedary, but only the females are thought valuable. He compares the girl of his heart to the dromedary and the dromedary to his girl. The forefeet of his favorite camel are to him "like unto the arms of his love." The song of his girl is "sweet as the bellowing of a camel calling its young." Cows do not stand much lower in his estimation. The chant of the Houris in Paradise is compared with the lowing of milch kine calling their calves. But the Arab of the desert is forced to depend entirely upon his camel. Its milk feeds him, it carries him wherever he wishes to go, its skin and wool clothe him. The Bedouins ride invariably females, because their pace is the easier. The males are used for heavy burdens. Generally, however, they are slaughtered early, as the sons of the desert cannot afford to waste milk upon animals which will not at some time give milk in return. Misfortune is described by the poets as a camel which bears none but male young. The wife of the Bedouin flatters him by addressing his as: "My darling camel, the one who bears and feeds me." Still the camel cannot take the place of the horse in every way. The camel is never to be trusted in battle, and it is likely to lie down at any time, signifying its disapproval of the turmoil. The horse is therefore the next to be praised by the Bedouin poet. It is often compared to the buzzer, a favorite toy of the Arab women.

Personal bravery is rare among the Arabs, as among all Semitic people. Lessing's saying that men love to praise most those qualities which they do not possess is certainly true in the case of the Bedouins; they are forever singing of their prowess. Their bravery is, however, mainly exhibited in robberies, and even in those they do not like to kill any one, for fear of the vendetta. The soul of a murdered man is believed to change into a soda-bird, calling aloud for vengeance. The Bedouin often blows upon his arrow, that his antagonist may escape with life. Only the wild Antara, their greatest hero, never did this, and he had negro blood in his veins. He often boasts in his wild songs that, unlike others, fear of the vendetta never caused him to spare an enemy.

To do useful work is not good form among the Arabs. The noble Bedouin is always described by his poets as busy with cup and dice when not engaged in a plundering expedition.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Langley & Co.

THE MARKETS.

A Short Summary Covering Articles Produced by the Farmer.

Victoria merchants are doing a very satisfactory business in nearly every line. There is no particular activity, but nevertheless a steady trade is enjoyed. Receipts of island produce are very light just now. The prospect is that the farmers and fruit and garden truck raisers will not have a hard winter to contend with. Last year very material damage was done to fruits and vegetables. There are no changes to note in the retail prices given below:

Flour	
Salem	5 75
Ogilvie's (Hungarian)	6 00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	6 00
Premier	6 00
Three Star	5 75
Victoria	5 75
Lion	5 75
Royal	5 50
Wheat, per ton	30 00@40 00
Oats, per ton	32 00@35 00
Barley, per ton	32 00@35 00
Middlings, per ton	27 00@35 00
Bran, per ton	27 00@30 00
Ground Feed, per ton	30 00@35 00
Corn, whole	45 00
" cracked	50 00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs	40
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs	50
Rolled Oats, per lb	6
Potatoes, per bag	1 25
Honolulu sweet potatoes	5c per lb
Cabbage	3
Hay, baled, per ton	18 00@20 00
Straw, per bale	1 00
Onions, per lb	4
Eggs, Island, per doz	40@45
Imported eggs	25
Australian sugar, per pound	6 1-2
Butter, Island roll, per lb	50@55
New Zealand Creamery, per lb	35
" Creamery, per 3 lbs	1 40
Cheese, Canadian, per lb. retail	20
" American, per lb	18@20
Hams, American, per lb	20@22
" Canadian, per lb	17@22
Bacon, American, per lb	17@20
" Rolled, per lb	18
" Long clear, per lb	17
Shoulders, per lb	14
Lard, per lb	18@20
Meats—Beef, per lb	7@15
Sides, per lb	8@9
Mutton, per lb	10@15
Pork, fresh, per lb	12@15
Chickens, per pair	1.50@2.00
Turkeys, per lb	20@25
Geese, per lb	20@25
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	10@12
Salmon (Smoked), per lb	8@10
Halibut	10@12
Smoked halibut	12 1-2
Cod, per lb	8@10
" (Nfld), per lb	12 1-2
Small fish	5@8
Smelts, per lb	10@12
Sturgeon, per lb	7@8
Herring (Labrador), per doz	50
" (smoked) " "	50
Eastern oysters, fresh, per quart	75
Fruits—Apples, per pound	5@8
Oranges	
" (Mexican)	30@35
" (Japanese)	25@30
Lemons, California, per doz	25@35
" (Australian)	25@30
Bananas, per doz	20@30
Pine apples, apiece	25@50
Cranberries, per quart	15@20

The Colonna Family.

Paris, Jan. 18.—The hearing of the action of the Princess Colonna against her husband for judicial separation was again postponed to-day on account of the absence of one of the lawyers of the princess. The prosecutor for the princess handed to the court papers supplementary to her previous demand. She now asks if the court admits Prince Colonna's plea. It has no jurisdiction in the case, for the order giving provisional charge of the children is to be maintained until definite judgment is given.

Carlisle's Bond Issue.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Jerry Simpson characterizes Carlisle's proposal to issue bonds as outrageous, and says there is no reason why the government cannot ride over any embarrassment by the issue of greenbacks, as was done in war times. Everybody, he declared, would take them, having faith that they would be redeemed. Simpson expressed the belief that the bond issue would aid in destroying the Democrats.

THE SCOTCH NOVEL.

When Folk of Peace dance in the glen,
And bogles skirl and warlocks worry,
And guidwives fear to look ahint,
And hame to bed the guidmen hurry,
When people gang istead of going,
And ken instead of simply knowing;

When gossips dinna talk, but crack,
When cows are kye and mankind brithers,
And blood is spilt where bluid is spelt,
And lika clan dislikes the ithers;
When sick folks dee by way of dying,
And mourners greet in lieu of crying;

When childless mithers hae nae bairns,
And like a ballard every sang goes,
When woe is wae, and west is wast,
And sixpence saxpence when it bang goes,
When folk get fou but never drunk, O!
And almost everything is unco;

When lovers speir but never ask,
And noses are are braw and bonny,
And cullants whustle from the wood,
And clipping calls for matrimony—
For even they whose souls are weel
Do of the Devil made a deil;

When ears are lugs, suggesting pulls,
And hearts are sair and ladies leddies,
And breezes blaw and shoon are sua,
And lika page the brain unsteddies
With specious phrases joined so oddly
That gey old men may yet be godly;

When gutturals are heard at nicht,
And final I's and g's are dumber;
When wut replaces native wit,
And simmer comes instead of summer—
In short, when "Readers" pass it by,
Though I be U and U be I;

When muckle oxters hotch forhye,
And skilly birkies snash and swither,
And cantrips glunsh the gomerals,
And no one knoweth why or whither—
Then throw your cap up with your betters,
And shout, Hurrah for English fetters!

—I. Zangwill, in the Pall Mall Magazine.

American Stock Market.

New York, Jan. 17.—Operations at the Stock Exchange were on a smaller scale than on any previous day of the week, only 117,652 shares changing hands. The market started off weak under sales for London account, the foreigners having parted with about 10,000 shares of Louisville & Nashville, St. Paul, Kansas & Texas preferred, Union Pacific, Atchison & Northern Pacific preferred. The decline in prices ranged from 1-4 to 1 1-4 per cent. There were a few exceptions, however, North Eastern and Chicago Gas, Whiskey and Lead showing an advancing tendency. Northeastern rose 1-1-2 to 13 3-8. Chicago Gas advanced 3-4 to 67 1-4, and Whiskey 3-8 to 26 7-8. During the afternoon the market came to a standstill for fully an hour, and prices did not move more than a fraction. Later in the day St. Paul receded to 57 3-8. At the close a steadier feeling prevailed, and the final quotations showed a rally of 1-8 to 1-2 per cent. from the lowest figures of the day. Compared with last night the list shows losses of 1-4 to 1-2 per cent. Closing bids were: Atchison, 11 1-4 Burlington & Quincy, 75 1-8; Canada Southern, 48 1-2; Canadian Pacific, 73 3-8; Delaware & Lackawanna, 148 3-4; Erie, 14 7-8; Wells Fargo, 124; Great Northern preferred, 192; Lake Shore, 121 3-4; Louisville & Nashville, 43; Missouri Pacific, 22; New York Central, 98 5-8; New England, 12 7-8; North American, 3 5-8; Northern Pacific, 4; do., preferred, 15 1-8; Northwestern, 100 1-2; Oregon Navigation, 20; Oregon Improvement, 13; Pacific Mail, 15 1-8; Reading, 10 1-2; Rock Island, 66 3-8; Southern Pacific, 22 3-4; St. Paul, 57 3-4; Texas Pacific, 7 7-8; Union Pacific, 18 7-8; Western Union, 85 1-2. Bar silver, 69c per ounce. Money on call 1 to 1 1-2 foreign exchange, sterling, 4.86 for 60 days, 4.88 on demand. Union Pacific firsts of 1899, 101 1-2 bid; Central Pacific firsts of 1895, 102 1-2 bid.

ELECTION ECHOES

That cold you contracted when out voting on election day will be cured if you use **London Hospital Cough Cure.**

Cochrane & Munn,

Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—The Choral Society held a very successful rehearsal last evening.

—New plush mantel borderings at Weller Bros., very pretty colors.

—We have the finest stock of wall papers in the province. Weller Bros.

—Account books, copying books and presses, offices supplies at the regular reduced prices at Johnston's book store.

Sheffield razors (guaranteed), strops, shaving brushes, etc., the best variety in town, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—The New Westminster Commercial Printing Co. have issued "The Devil's Own Souvenir and Pocket Calendar for 1894," accompanied by several specimens of the devil's handiwork at the "case." The souvenir consists of several poetic contributions from local Tennysons, more or less good.

—The Paragon Oil took the highest award at the Chicago World's Fair. It equals the electric light in brilliancy; neither smoke nor smell. Try it. You will know it by the label on the can. Read and see what you are using. We warrant the Paragon Oil not to smoke. Try it. $1.65 per can. The Paragon Oil Co., 51 Yates street.

—Aunt Samantha's reception at Temperance hall last evening was just as successful as had been expected. Mrs. Gardiner occupied the chair and ably took the part of Aunt Samantha. The opening number was a chorus by the Y. W. C. T. U. There was a reading by Mrs. Gardier, a duet by the Misses Fox and McKenzie, the Sunflower Chorus, recitations by Messrs. Allen and Chisholm and a song by Miss O'Neil.

—The Empress of Japan was not reported last night until an hour and a half after she had passed Otter Point, and was in sight before the officials waiting here were notified. It took some hard work to get the party together. The tender Sadie got away just in time to leave Collector Bowell and U. S. Immigration Inspector Pelin of Vancouver behind. They followed on the Premier. The former waited here four days to meet Sir Thomas McIlwraith.

—J. H. Falconer and Miss Orvilla Northcott, daughter of City Assessor Northcott, were married last evening at St. James' church by Ven. Archdeacon Scriven. The bride wore a handsome costume of white embroidered crepon, trimmed with lace, ribbons and orange blossoms. She was attended by her sister, who wore a pretty dress of fine white material. Both carried handsome bouquets. The groom was attended by his friend, George H. Cowan, of Vancouver. The ceremony over, the party adjourned to the home of the bride's parents, where the happy couple received the congratulations of many friends. They will visit Oregon and Washington on their honeymoon.

—The meeting at the city hall last evening of those interested in municipal reform was very poorly attended. The business of the meeting was dispatched in a few minutes. Senator Macdonald, who was in the chair, said the poor attendance was accounted for by the fact that the municipal elections were over. After calling the meeting to order, the chairman said that as the suggestions contained in the citizens' committee's report had already been very well discussed, he thought it would be well to read the report, and if it were adopted to send it to the council for consideration. He read the report, which has been published, and asked for any further suggestions. Mr. Cohen thought the municipal act should be amended so that a property owner will not be disqualified from acting as mayor or alderman because he has a mortgage on his property. The chairman said the suggestion was a good one, and a motion to add a section to that effect received a unanimous vote. It was formally decided to send the report to the council, and after a vote of thanks to the chairman the meeting adjourned.

—A very important meeting of the C. O. O. F., District No. 7, was held at Nanaimo on January 15th and 16th. A special committee had been charged with the task of preparing a constitution for the proposed grand lodge, and the meeting was called to consider the same. There was a very large attendance. The proceedings began at 7.30 on Monday evening, the concluding meeting being held the following evening. The constitution was adopted with some amendments and will be submitted to the Dominion grand lodge for its action. The C. O. O. F. grand lodge has its headquarters at Toronto, having jurisdiction over the whole Dominion. There are many things in the constitution which work a hardship for members in this province, the conditions of life being so different here, besides which the distance from headquarters is so great as to cause considerable inconvenience in the transaction of necessary business. The local Oddfellows believe a grand lodge for British Columbia will put the order on a much more satisfactory basis than under the old order of things. After business had been disposed of the assembled delegates enjoyed a banquet and social time at the Hotel Wilson, the festivities being kept up till four o'clock in the morning.

—E. J. Harrison of the Vancouver News-Advertiser is in the city to report the legislature.

Chenille table covers (in all sizes) have been received by Weller Bros., and are selling away down.

—Have you tried the Perfection granite iron ware? If not, Weller Bros. will show you what it is.

—Victoria Lodge, K. of P., did initiation work last night. Far West lodge holds an important meeting on Friday night.

—Three Chinese were in the police court this morning, charged with overcrowding. The cases were continued till Saturday.

—J. H. Innes, the naval storekeeper at Esquimalt, leaves in the morning for England on a three-months' leave of absence. It is probable that he will return in time to turn his office over to his successor, whose appointment is expected to be announced shortly.

—The latest notice of motion to be placed on the bulletin board is one by Ald. Styles requesting the Dominion representatives to intercede with the government for the erection of a retaining wall on the Dallas road from Oswego to Cook street to keep back the sea. The recent storms have made havoc there.

—F. M. Yorke, who purchased the British Columbia and Puget Sound Stevedoring company's interest in this province, has formed a partnership with Captain W. H. Copp of Vancouver. The new company will be known as the British Columbia Stevedoring Company. Mr. Yorke will attend to Victoria business and Captain Copp to the Vancouver business.

—The Provincial Land Surveyors' Association met this morning at 10 at the office of Burnett & MacGregor, but some of the members were absent and others were pressed for time, so an adjournment was taken until 4 this afternoon. James F. Garden, secretary of the association, is the only member in attendance from outside of Victoria.

—The special services which have been in progress in the Victoria West Methodist church have been well sustained in interest and very satisfactory in results. Rev. Jas. H. White, formerly pastor of Centennial Methodist church, Gorge road, and now secretary of the Columbian Methodist college, New Westminster, will preach at the meeting this evening. Rev. J. E. Coombes will preach to-morrow. The series will conclude with Friday evening's meeting.

—W. J. Williamson and Miss Minnie Clark, eldest daughter of John Clark, formerly of Owen Sound, Ont., were quietly married on Wednesday evening at the home of the officiating clergyman, Rev. D. MacRae, Frederick street, Victoria West. W. Hale acted as groomsman and Miss Eva Clark as bridesmaid. Mr. and Mrs. Williamson will settle down in their newly-built house on Powderly avenue, Victoria West.

—Chief Deasy has received the following letter from Beaumont Boggs;

Victoria, Jan. 16, 1894.

Thomas Deasy, Chief of Victoria Fire Department:

Dear Sir:—As a close observer of the fire which destroyed the residence of Mr. Jacob Sehl at Laurel Point yesterday evening, I beg to offer my congratulations to you and your department for the able and efficient manner in which the conflagration was handled with the limited means at your disposal. I trust that the experience of last evening will direct the attention of the Council to the urgent need of a steam fire boat for the better protection of the valuable properties along the waterfront.

Yours sincerely,
(Signed) BEAUMONT BOGGS.

—The choir of First Presbyterian church had a successful practice last evening for their Burns' anniversary concert, to take place next Tuesday. Several of the choruses have been given in Victoria before, having been arranged for and sung by the celebrated Glasgow Select Choir under Frederick Archer, the famous conductor and organist. The choir have had careful training at the hands of Mr. Brown, and special attention has been given to the proper rendering of these numbers in the purest of Scotch dialect. In addition the choir will be assisted by several Scotch vocalists, Mrs. J. Duff Stuart of Vancouver, contralto soloist and violiniste; Mrs. McCandless, soprano; Miss Jamieson, Mr. Chisholm, Scotch reader; G. F. Watson, tenor; Mr. Kinnaird and J. G. Brown. The tickets are being rapidly sold.

—The Driard house has a pet monkey. His Simian highness is kept in the basement, near the boiler, during the winter. He is a general favorite, and it is thought if he is not kept in a warm place he may contract pneumonia or some other pulmonary disease, and as he is thought very much of every attention is paid to the health of the "missing link." But the monkey does not like to be in the basement. His tastes range somewhat higher, as he proved the other night. A bellboy reported him missing. Search was made everywhere; but no monkey. As a last resort they searched the bar. Behind the counter lay the missing pet completely "laid out." Beside him was an empty bottle of brandy; the bartender says the bottle was half full when he last saw it. The monkey was left where he had lain down, and in the morning was none the worse for his little "toot" of the previous night.

BOYS GOING ASTRAY.

Adolescent Youths Frequenting the Rooms of Fast Women.

Within a stone's throw of police headquarters is a place that calls for police inspection. Here, every night, boys in their teens resort for a purpose that would bring a blush of shame to the cheeks of their parents did they know the facts. The parents think their sons are leading a life that would bear scrutiny. The young men go to church, every Sabbath, take an active part in church societies, and are generally considered exemplary youths. The poor parents are mistaken; so is the general public. Under the guise of piety the boys are leading lives of shame. Parents imagine their offspring to be in town playing with youthful companions and spending their time in harmless amusement. But instead the boys betake themselves to the rooms of young women of questionable characters. They play cards, smoke tobacco and drink strong liquors. If one watched at a certain street corner he would see these youths, sons of some of the most respectable citizens of Victoria, endeavoring to ascend a flight of stairs unobserved. If he followed one of the boys he would see him knocking at a door on the second flat of what is supposed to be a respectable lodging house. A young girl, hardly more than a child, would open the door, and the boy would join a group of his companions gathered there, laughing, talking and bandying obscene jests.

This condition of affairs has existed for weeks. The other night a significant event happened. The nightly orgies were going on as usual when one of the frequenters of this place, perhaps influenced by liquor, amused himself by pulling a young girl around the floor by the hair. While being dragged around the room the girl struck her leg against a chair and sprained it. Then a plentiful supply of beer was on hand. For one or two nights after this incident things went very quietly and the erring boys forsook their usual haunt. However, the affair has somewhat "blown over," the girl has recovered from her injuries, and the boys are returning one by one.

A representative of the Times went to see these rooms. The girl admitted that she had been dragged about the room, but said she would not complain to the police. It was all right now and she could not understand why trouble should be made. She was the injured party, and it would not come from her. When told that she was rather young to be leading such a life, she replied it was her own business, and a youth of 18 who was in the room when the newspaper man entered took a vigorous pull from a cigarette held in his hand and said he "guessed she was right."

There may yet be trouble," said the newspaper man, who meant by these words to draw out both the youth and the girl.

With an effort to assume an air of cool indifference the boy again put the cigarette to his mouth, took a long pull and exhaled the smoke. "They can't do anything; she is not going to bring the matter into court."

The girl began toying with her hair, which hung loosely about her shoulders, and said: "I'm not going to say anything, and I won't go to court if they send for me."

The newspaper man had verified the information given and left the rooms. The youth stayed behind and another young girl entered as the reporter left. The youth in the room may be seen going to church regularly with his parents. The names of the boys frequenting this place are known to the Times, but are withheld from publication for the sake of the parents. Such a condition of affairs calls for immediate action, and one naturally looks toward the police department as guardians of the peace and protectors of public morals.

Stamped With Disapproval.

Complaints are made by strangers that they are unable to obtain postage stamps in the evening. The stamp wicket at the postoffice is closed at 7, and any one reaching there after that time has some difficulty in obtaining stamps, very often being unsuccessful. The force of this was brought home to a member of the Times staff a few weeks ago. He found himself without a stamp at 9 p. m. He had a letter which was bound to go that night. Fully aware that he could not obtain the stamp at the postoffice at that hour, but consoling himself with the belief that any of the drug stores or restaurants, or, as a dernier ressort, the saloons, would be only too happy to oblige him, he trudged a mile through slush and snow in his search for that little "or nery" three-center. All the drug clerks smiled blandly and said they were sorry, but nary a stamp had they. Next the restaurants were passed in review. One man, an Italian waiter, raised a wild but fleeting hope. He said, "Estampa, ova corse, coma disa vay," and stepped up to the desk. It was only a quarantine plaster, the kind the Dominion government has the nerve to ask one cent for. Then came the saloons. It was rich to see the bartender's broad and jovial smile fade to a contemptuous sneer, and to hear his jolly, "What's your's, sir?" degenerate into a "Naw, we don't peddle no stamps in this instootion; this ain't no postoffice." In desperation the newspaper man took the liberty of "holding up" a portly citizen at the corner of Fort and Government streets, and by great good luck got the "ruddy" just in time for the mails. This is only one case. Often the Times man referred to in the foregoing case has seen people hunting around during the evening on the same quest, and heard some particularly hearty cursing of the postoffice regulations.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. George L. Courtney is ill.

Harry E. Bradley, with Broderick & Morley, is at the Balmoral.

Rev. Father Althoff will return to Alaska the last of the month.

Alex. Ewen and W. E. Curtis, of New Westminster, are at the Driard.

U. S. Inspector Tom Brophy, of Port Townsend, was in the city last night.

J. P. McLeod leaves this evening for New Westminster to enter Aulay Morrison's law office.

W. H. Haywood and wife, of Amelia County, Virginia, are among the guests at the Driard.

W. H. Mead and Frank Parker, of the Northwestern route, return to the Sound tomorrow morning.

Frank Burnett, wife and family, of Belmont, Manitoba, who has been at the Dallas Hotel, left on the Warimoo last night for Honolulu where they will spend the winter. On their return the family will settle in Victoria.

"CABINETS" $4 per doz
"CORONAS" $5 per doz.

The newest and most beautiful style of photo. Soft, delicate and artistic. These prices are for Xmas trade. Skene Lowe, Photo, 63 Gov't St.

We Wish to Draw Attention.

To the dry goods sale now in progress at Ritesch & McDonald's, opposite the iron church, Douglas street. This firm during the ten years they have been in business here have established a reputation as a bargain house second to none in the province. This month they are smashing all previous records and giving dry goods away at prices that seem foolish to the uninitiated. They deserve to sell goods.

The Kingston Disabled.

The steamer City of Kingston did not arrive this morning and a telegram received at 10 this morning announced the cancelling of the trip for the day, as the vessel is temporarily disabled at Seattle. The nature of the damage is not known, but it is unquestionably the result of the rough weather in the straits yesterday. The Tacoma passed her off Dungeness at 3 o'clock yesterday, and it therefore took her four hours to cross the straits. It was blowing hard then at the north of the Sound. She will leave Seattle as usual to-night.

Marine.

The N. P. R. steamship Tacoma arrived from the Sound at 5 o'clock last evening. She will take 20,000 feet of lumber from Victoria for Japan.

Bark Harold, with a cargo of salmon, will probably leave the Fraser river today. She was delayed on account of the storm.

The bark Eclipse has finished loading lumber at Hastings. The Beaconsfield will be ready in a few days.

The sealer Pioneer, Captain Baker, is ready for sea to-day. She goes to the other side.

H. M. S. Melpomene arrived at Montevideo on the 22nd and left on the 25th of December for Plymouth.

The Warrimoo Sails.

The Canadian-Australian line steamer Warrimoo sailed for Honolulu, Fiji and Australia at 5 o'clock last evening. She took 600 tons of cargo, as follows: Ten tons salmon and 50 tons general merchandise for Honolulu, 80 tons salmon, 250 tons lumber pickets, etc., and 30 tons general merchandise for Sydney; 100 tons of machinery for Melbourne and 20 tons for other ports. Her passengers and the places whence they registered are: Frank Burnett, wife and two children, Seattle; the Misses Brice, Moosomin, Ass.; J. E. Carne, New South Wales; A Dickson and Miss Dickson, Victoria, Australia; William Downie, Vancouver; A. Greenville and wife, England; Dr. Ings and wife, Nova Scotia; Mr. Misenheimer, Portland, Oregon; A. McKinnon, Toronto; A. McPherson, Montreal; W. Peter, Victoria, Australia; E. Price, W. H. Parsons, G. F. Wilkinson, New York; W. Wynne, Sydney, New South Wales, and F. G. H. Williams, Montreal.

Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers does its work thoroughly, coloring a uniform brown or black, which, when dry, will neither rub, wash off, nor soil linen.

He just dropped

in the other day—just to look. Never thought much of ready-made clothing, but our stock surprised him; he found a suit, "just what he wanted"; cloth good, fit good, price reasonable. He bought the suit and went home happy.

Why don't you come in and look at our stock? We are sure you can find just what you need.

Our winter overcoats are now on sale. We have some beauties this season.

Boys' and Children's overcoats at greatly reduced prices. Be quick.

Cameron,

The Cash Clothier,
55 Johnson St.

Fix this name indelibly in your memory

STAMINAL
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STAMINAL
STAMINAL

and remember it is a Food and a Tonic combined

For sale by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

NOTICE

Municipal Act, 1892.

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held in next March for the transfer from myself to Horatio White, of the license now held by me to sell wines, spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the "Quinnecs Saloon" Government street, in the city of Victoria.

M. J. CONLIN.

Dec. 6th, 1893. Ja17-30t

Everyone who can afford it should have a Melissa Rainproof Wrap. The most fashionable, comfortable and economical garment of the day.

AMERICANS

While in Victoria will save from 40 to 50 per cent. in buying their Clothing from

D. CAMPBELL & CO., 88 Government Street

Three doors from the Post Office.
Only FINEST IMPORTATIONS kept in Stock.

IF YOUR ROOF LEAKS

HAVE IT REPAIRED BY

...McLENNAN & McFEELY...

Corner Government & Johnson Streets.

TIN and IRON ROOFING. PLUMBING

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

— BANKERS —

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and **Letters of Credit** issued direct on over **10,000** cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

— AGENTS FOR —

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the new famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

— OFFICES —

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

WEILER BROS.

— DISPLAY —

The Very Latest and Choicest Wall Papers

Comprising, THE BEST COLORINGS,
THE BEST VALUE
THE BEST QUALITIES,

In Ingrain Wall Papers, Sanitary Wall Papers, Ceiling Decorations And Every Conceivable Style of Interior Decorations.

THE BEST STOCK WE HAVE EVER HAD.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

YOUR CHILD IS UNACCOUNTABLY LOSING FLESH REFUSING TO TAKE ITS FOOD LISTLESS AND DEBILITATED

WHY DON'T YOU TRY The D. & L. EMULSION? IT WILL HELP WONDERFULLY

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

The Ottawa St. George's Society presented an address to the Governor-General and his excellency made an appropriate reply.

In the cases of Henri Mercier, J. O. Pelland and P. de Martigny, charged with attempting to blow up the Nelson monument in Montreal with dynamite, ex-Premier Mercier made a speech in behalf of the prisoners, accusing a sensational newspaper of having caused the "boys" to act as they had done, and expressing the regret of their parents at the action. Sentence was reserved.

While hunting near Nipissing, James Growberger, mistook his brother, Andrew for a deer and shot him fatally. The deceased leaves a wife and two children.

E. G. Molenaar, an emigrant from Holland, who absconded with $75,000 worth of jewellery and securities, has been arrested in Toronto by Attorney Davidson of Jersey City. Molenaar was found in a hotel registered under an alias. He surrendered $20,000 worth of valuables and informed Mr. Davidson of the whereabouts of the remainder of the $70,000,0000. He returned to New York with Mr. Davidson on being assured that he would not be prosecuted if he surrendered the securities.

One hundred and twenty-five employees of Messrs. J. D. King & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, Toronto, are on a strike, owing to the refusal of the union operatives to work with non-union men.

Complete official returns of the plebiscite for eleven cities in Ontario, including Belleville, Brantford, Hamilton, Kingston, Ottawa, St. Catharines, Stratford, Toronto and Windsor, showing a majority of 7788 for prohibition. The city of Guelph and most of the counties are yet to be heard from.

A dynamite cartridge was found under the stage of the opera house in St. Catharines with a fuse attached. It is believed that the explosive was placed there during Mrs. Margaret L. Sheppard's course of religious lectures some weeks ago.

Never before was the Regina town hall so crowded as on the occasion of the Martin meeting held there on Wednesday afternoon, this being the first time in the last ten years that a Liberal member of parliament has spoken in Regina.

Last summer the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company's steamer Corinthian was burned to the water's edge. She was insured for $45,000 in some 15 companies doing business in Canada, but arbitrators appointed by the insurance companies and the Richelieu company awarded the latter only $20,000. The Richelieu people appealed from the award of the arbitrators but Judge Tait in the superior court at Montreal dismissed the appeal.

The closing meeting of last year's Toronto city council broke up in great disorder owing to the introduction of the famous canal scheme in the shape of a report from the executive pronouncing against giving any privilege in respect to supplying water, etc., until the canal was an accomplished fact. Advocates of the canal moved a substitute report recommending giving concessions when $5,000,000 had been expended in the work. The opponents immediately walked out of the chamber amid cries of "Cowards" from the remaining aldermen. The meeting then ended for lack of a quorum.

At the Hamilton assizes in a suit brought by Andrew Miller for $2,000 damages against A. D. Ewing for the seduction of Miller's daughter Jessie, the jury awarded the plaintiff $100 and costs. Both parties are prominent members of the East End Presbyterian church and the case has excited much attention.

In the Nova Scotia house of assembly Provincial Secretary Fielding presented the financial returns for the fiscal year ending September 30th last. The returns only cover nine months, a change having been made in the fiscal year. The period indicated shows a surplus of $40,182.

Rev. Dr. Eby, for the past seventeen years a central figure in Methodist mission work in Japan, with headquarters at Tokio, has been compelled to retire on account of ill health. Mr. Eby will spend some months in Switzerland before returning to Toronto.

George Bishop, engraver, Montreal, has made an abandonment of his estate. The liabilities are placed at $100,000. Among the largest creditors are the Banque Nationale, $15,000; Molsons Bank, $11,000, and Merchants' Bank, $6,000. The assets are not stated.

Requiescat in Pace.

Is "Requiescat in Pace" a prayer or not? This discussion has been raised in the ecclesiastical courts of England, in relation to the inscription on the tomb of Mr. George H. Crump's widow and son; and it would appear from a letter in the London Times that the result of the controversy is that the court has accepted "Requiescat in Pace" as something short of a prayer. Upon this decision the London Spectator says: "It seems to us a very odd sort of theology to maintain that we may legitimately hope for what we may not legitimately pray for. What is prayer except the expression of a fervent desire subject to the better and purer will of the Almighty? We pray for rain with submission to God's will if our prayer is not in conformity with it. Why may we not pray for the salvation of human souls under the same conditions? We suppose the view to be that we do not know for certain that God's will in respect to rain may not be in part determined by the character of the prayers we put up; but that God's will in relation to the salvation of souls is finally determined by the state of those souls at death, and can never afterward be affected by human petition. But we should like to know the justification for the assumption. There is none, so far as we know, in any passage of the scripture, nor are we ever warned that we may legitimately hope for that for which we may not pray. It seems to us that the whole assumption that there is a gross superstition in praying for the dead, is rooted in the confusion between the notion that the soul can be brought out of prifying suffering by a multitude of purchased masses, and the notion that, with due submission to God, we may pour out our hearts to Him in the confidence that by so doing we shall gain something for those whom He has given us the grace to love, as well as relieve and soften our own hearts by frank and passionate prayer. The difference between the two doctrines seems to be this, that in the one case we flatter ourselves that by the mere repetition of a great rite we can alter the will of God, and in the other we only assume that what God Himself inspires us to press upon Him with all the urgency of ardent love, it can hardly be perfectly useless for us to express to him, even as regards the fate of those on whose behalf we pray."

The Best Man.

There was a wedding yesterday?

Was there? Gracious! I trust this is not the 'bad-groom.

Oh, no! The bridegroom and the bride have left for parts unknown. This gentleman was the best man.

He seems somewhat broken up. Is he a young man of intemperate habits?

No; his habits are not bad. He is simply a victim of matrimony.

I dareseay he had aspired himself to the lady's hand and is drowning out his disappointment?

No. That is not it either. There were one or two ex-aspirers among the ushers, but the best man was simply a faithful friend of the groom.

His fidelity seems to have brought him in for some onerous obligations.

It is true. His responsibilities and the anxieties of his position have aged him somewhat.

Is it indeed so serious a job to be a best man?

Indeed it is.

Why, what is there to do?

For 24 hours before the wedding the best man is the responsible owner of the groom. He tacitly undertakes to produce the groom at the church, clean shaven, suitably attired and in his right mind, or else to take his place. If the groom shows symptoms of running away, he must shackle him. Some best men invariably handcuff themselves to their grooms on the morning of the day before the wedding as a reasonable precaution against accidents, for when the best man's confidence has been abused once or twice it makes him cautious.

At the convivial exercise of the day before the wedding several of the groom's most intimate friends always insist on taking drinks with him. The cumulative effect of so much sympathetic stimulant is liable to make trouble, so the best man does not allow the groom to overindulge his feelings. The usual way is for the best man to act as the groom's proxy in this matter, so that the night before the wedding is full of trouble for him. Nevertheless he must be up early the next morning, must see that the bridesmaids have all got their bouquets, that he has the minister's money in his right pocket, that he has the wedding ring in readiness, that the carriage orders are understood, that the groom has made adequate provision for the wedding journey, and that the ushers are presentable and can walk.

All this he must do without letting the groom leave his sight. When the wedding is over and he has consigned his charge to the care of the bride, he takes the groom's place as host and sees in particular that the groom's friends from out of town are suitably entertained and shipped home at convenient intervals on their proper trains. Only when the last of them is gone can he call his man and go home.

Is a man ever best man more than once?

Some very popular men have been best man as often as a dozen times, but usually one or two experiences are enough to convince the experimenter that matrimony itself is a less trying ordeal.—Life.

University of Valladolid.

One of the oldest seats of learning in Europe, the University of Valladolid, celebrated, recently, its sixth centennial as an established university. In 1293 King Sancho IV., of Castilla and Leon, gave charter to this school. But it had been in existence long before the Christian Era. The Roman consul, Sertorius, formed a school here, and the Moors extended it greatly in the Eighth century. Valladolid became then especially famous for the study of medicine, a reputation which has not altogether been lost in our days.—Don Juan Ortega Rubia in the Revista Contemporanea, Madrid.

A New View of Hell.

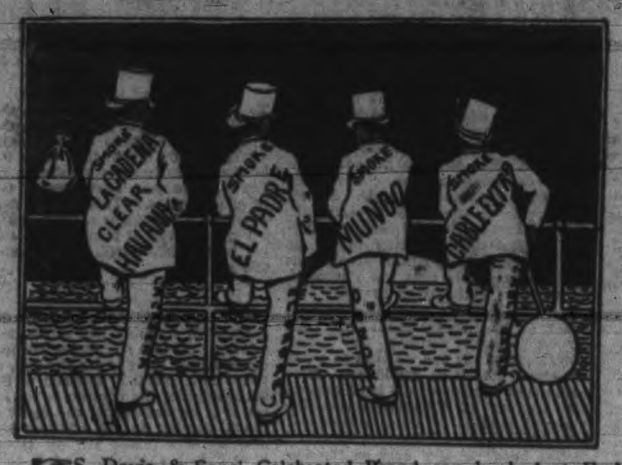
There has been contributed to literature recently, by an American woman, a drama which gives a novel idea of hell. It represents a man in a dream talking with several of his departed ancestors. One of these told the man that he was in hell, though there was no such place as heaven or hell in the way in which these terms were commonly understood. This man's hell was a condition of feeling in which he had no interest in anything. He felt no enjoyment, no ambition, no pleasure, no passions, no desire. He could go to heaven, he said, if he liked, but he had no desire. He was not interested in anything he might find there or anywhere else. This condition is to a certain extent exemplified in club life, in society, and in the general lives of the rich and idle. They have exhausted every source of enjoyment, and tapped all fountains of enthusiasm. New schemes have to be constantly provided to stimulate even a little their appetite for pleasure. Hell, according to this writer, is this condition carried to its extremity. It is a condition without hope, feeling, ambition or desire—one of the most horrible states in which any man or woman could be placed.—Gertrude B. Rolfe, in North American Review.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Dogs as Railroad Passengers.

Dogs in Belgium, it appears, from a rather singular case that has just been heard before the law courts of that country, are raised to the dignity of passengers, if their owners choose to take them into a railway carriage with themselves. The point on which opinions differed has just been settled, the question brought under the notice of the law courts being whether a dog whose master has duly taken a ticket for him is entitled to a seat, or whether his rights be limited to a place on the floor of the compartment, at the feet of the human occupants. A sportsman, we read, was not long ago travelling in Belgium with his dog, a fine retriever, whose place had been paid for. However, in spite of this, there being at a station no room for a traveller, a railway employee turned the dog off his seat. Probably the dog's feelings were not hurt, but his master protested indignantly, and subsequently appealed to the administration of the state railways for a decision on the subject. It has been given, and is in favor of the dog, it being decreed that he is as much entitled to a seat as his master, and that where a compartment has room for ten passengers, and there happen to be five men and five dogs therein, it must be considered as full, tickets of course being taken for the dogs.—London Standard.

The Men You Know.



☞S. Davis & Sons' Celebrated Brand can be had at E. A. Morris' Cigar Store.

It is not Sawdust

We use in making INDURATED FIBRE WARE. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and Indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. INDURATED FIBRE WARE imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.

Ask for EDDY'S

FOR 3 WEEKS ONLY

Winter Suits at Rock-bottom Prices that cannot be approached by any other House in the west.

J. W. CREIGHTON,
No. 86 Government Street

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

MRS. DeWIT—There, Reginald, are those Rigby Waterproofs I have been telling you about. Can't you see how stylish and comfortable they look? and they are just lovely for winter weather. You always wait till everybody else in the world adopts a new thing before you will believe in it. We really must have them at once.

MRS. UPTODATE—Dear me, what a sight those DeWits are out in the streets a day like this without Rigby Garments. It takes some people a lifetime to learn how to be comfortable. Just think how we used to sweltter in those horrid Rubber Waterproofs, and such smelling things.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 5.00 a.m. on Thursday October 11th, 1893.

☞Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.☜

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays.	Miles from Victoria.
	Ar.	Ar.				Lv.	Lv.	
	12 30 P M	6 30 P M		VICTORIA		8 00 A M	2 00 P M	
	12 50	6 50	1	BURNSIDE		7 38	1 38	1
	12 53	6 53	2	GORGE		7 35	1 35	2
	12 56	6 56	3	SUTHERLAND		7 32	1 32	3
	12 59	6 59	4	HILLSIDE		7 29	1 29	4
	1 03	7 03	5½	QUADRA		7 25	1 25	5½
	1 06	7 06	6½	BRAYSHAW		7 22	1 22	6½
	1 09	7 09	7½	GOLDSTREAM		7 19	1 19	7½
	1 12	7 12	8½	PEARS		7 16	1 16	8½
	1 15	7 15	9½	COBBLE HILL		7 13	1 13	9½
	1 20	7 20	11½	MCPHERSON'S		7 08	1 08	11½
	1 23	7 23	13	KOKSILAH		7 05	1 05	13
	1 27	7 27	15	DUNCANS		7 01	1 01	15
	1 35	7 35	19	COBBLE HILL		6 53	12 53	19
	1 45	7 45	25	SHAWNIGAN LAKE		6 43	12 43	25
	2 00	8 00	33	CHEMAINUS		6 28	12 28	33
	2 20	8 20	45	OYSTER BAY		6 08	12 08	45
	2 35	8 35	53	NANAIMO		5 53	11 53	53
	3 00	9 00	65	WELLINGTON		5 30	11 30	65
	P M	A M				A M	P M	

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.

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R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Scenic Route of the World.

Cheap Rates and Fast Time

TO ALL POINTS

East and South East.

THROUGH SLEEPERS on all trains to St. Paul and Montreal.

ELEGANT UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS leave daily for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Every Tuesday for Boston and every Saturday for Toronto running through WITHOUT CHANGE.

STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT.

R. M. S. Empress of India sails for Hong Kong via Yokohama January 8th.

R. M. S. Warrimoo for Australian ports via Honolulu January 16th.

All Atlantic steamship lines represented. For ticket rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. & Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC

Steamship Co'y.

In connection with

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

The Shortest Route to

JAPAN AND CHINA

Proposed Sailings of Steamers

1893-1894.

(Subject to alteration.)

WILL LEAVE TACOMA

Steamship Victoria .....Dec. 14th
Steamship Tacoma .....Jan. 17th
Steamship Mogul .....Feb 7th
Steamship Victoria .....Feb. 28th
Steamship Tacoma .....April 4th
Steamship Mogul .....April 25th
Steamship Victoria .....May 16th

Steamship Victoria, Captain Panton, will leave Tacoma on the 14th of December, at daylight, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates. For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL, & CO.,
General Agents, Victoria

Or E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent N. P.R.R. Co., Victoria.

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ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

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The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

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PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

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Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 1 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply, on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, at the Store street.

HONOLULU, BY O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco,

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, February 17th, 1894, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New Steel Screw Steamer Monowai.....Thursday, Feb. 8th, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the Eastern mails

☞ For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. CONNON, Agent, Beaconsfield Block, Victoria.

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER
Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Rossner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jenkins with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. A. HATTRAY,
General Agent,
No. 4 Adelphi Block,
Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.

F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanshard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Fleumerfelt, Gorge Road.

Fancy Ties, Gloves, Silk Handkerchiefs, Fancy Braces, Fine Hats, Etc., Etc.,
SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
LARGE CONSIGNMENT JUST TO HAND.
B. Williams & Co., Clothiers & Hatters, 97 Johnson Street.

LATE ORIENTAL HAPPENINGS

The Early Sealers Are Doing Well in Japanese Waters.

SMALLPOX IN JAPAN'S CITIES

Russian Intrigue in Korea—Extensive Forgeries in Yokohama—Big Earthquake in Thibet—French Exploration Work.

The Empress of Japan, which arrived from Yokohama last night, brings the following Oriental advices. In the column are given briefly recitals of things which happen only in the Orient:

The following telegram has been received from the postal agent, Amoy: "Mail from Hong Kong for San Francisco per Gaelic robbed. Some letters recovered at Amoy."—Hong Kong Press, Dec. 13.

The attention of persons interested is directed to the sale by John W. Hall, at his sale rooms, No. 68, of the schooner Aurora, which takes place this morning at 11:30, says the Japan Mail of Dec. 29th. The Aurora is a British Columbia schooner with an interesting history.

A destructive fire occurred on the night of Dec. 7th at Sta. Cruz de la Laguna (Philippines), when 150 houses of strong materials and 400 of light materials were destroyed. The damage was estimated at $600,000.

Small-pox has broken out at Somamura, Koza district, Kanagawa prefecture, and has spread to Samukawa and Meiso, in the same district, where no less than thirty persons have been attacked. The latest epidemic returns are as follows: Thirty small-pox cases, and and 5 deaths in Nagasaki; 17 typhoid fever cases and 2 deaths; and 18 small-pox cases and 6 deaths in Akita; and 21 dysentery cases and 9 deaths in Hiroshima during the week ended the 16th inst.; 20 typhoid fever cases and 9 deaths in Yamangata during the week ended the 17th; and 12 typhoid fever cases and 6 deaths in Fukushima during the week ended the 22nd.—Official Gazette.

In spite of some opposition to the scheme the government have the intention to lay before the parliament a bill for the opening of Mororan for special foreign trade. Unless this is passed the Hokkaido Colliery Railway Company will be unable to fulfil the contracts for coal they have received from America, Hawaii and Hong Kong. If the bill becomes law they hope to get a very considerable increase of business.

The Nippon gives the fololwing news from Soul: "The Russian government is now endeavoring to obtain the consent of the Korean court to the planting of a colony of 100 Russians, on the pretext of agricultural experiment, in the vicinity of Kotko-fu in the Kankyo-do. According to the Russian government's representation the colony is to be merely temporary, the declared period of its presence on Korean soil being five or seven years. The settlers are to live in tents erected in fields where the experiments are conducted. The land brought under improvement is to be returned to the Korean government after the expiration of that period of time." The Chinese resident, Mr. Yuan, adds the Nippon, is exerting himself to prevent the Korean government from falling a prey to Russian intrigue.

Great public rejoicings have been held at Bangkok in celebration of the 25th year of the reign of King Chulalongkorn. The festivities commenced on Dec. 4th and were to be continued until the 11th.

Among the shipping at Yokohama on Jan. 3rd were the following:

Arctic, British schooner, 40, Gillem, 7th October—Hakodate Sept. 30th, 55 seals.—J. H. Pyne.

Aurora, British schooner, 41, E. Toussant, Oct. 7.—Hakodate, stores.—Captain.

Diana, American schooner, 74, Peterson, Oct. 5th, North Pacific, 50 otters and 5 seals.—Captain.

Maud S., British schooner, 97, R. H. McKoil, Sept. 25th, North Pacific, stores and gear.—Captain.

Retriever, American schooner, 75, H. J. Snow, Oct. 18th, North Pacific, 104 seals.—T. M. Laflin.

Worlock, British steam schooner, 31, A. Riedlebjelhe, Nov. 17th, Petropaulovsky, sealing gear.—Captain.

A fire occurred at Imonosbicho, Tottori, on Dec. 22nd at 1 p. m., but the flames were fortunately confined to the building in which they originated. Some 15 firemen, who were standing upon the roof of an adjacent house, engaged in preventing the spread of the flames, were suddenly upset by the falling of the roof, and buried beneath a heavy mass of timber. All sustained serious injuries and one died almost immediately, while fears are entertained for others.

An old pot containing 15,000 pieces of ancient coin was lately discovered on the compound of a certain Baba Rokubei, living at Shojiri-mura, Koagata district, Nagano prefecture.

The French political and exploring mission, of which occasional mention has of late been made, will probably start from Hankow, the Mercury says, on Dec. 25th. The mission will consist of Messrs. Haas, who has been appointed French vice-consul at Hankow and Chungking; Launay, interpreter at the French consulate at Shanghai; Berger and three others, who are expected to arrive by the next French mail. Messrs. Haas and Berger will in all probability not proceed further than Chungking, as both these gentlemen are accompanied by their wives, but M. Launay and his companions, we are told, intend to proceed into further Szechuen, and if possible push on to Thibet. We believe one-half the cost of the expedition will be paid by the French minister of commerce and the other half by the foreign minister. Mr. Haas, we may mention, is the gentleman whose diplomacy in Burmah largely contributed to the annexation of that country.

The Japan Mail of Jan. 3rd has this from Korea: "A ripple of excitement was caused a couple of weeks ago, when an attempt was made to explode a bomb under the room of the minister of finance. Like the attempt on Tai Won Kun a year ago, it was fortunately unsuccessful. Because of numerous cases of thieving and the spirit of lawlessness, the law forbidding men to go on the streets after curfew or the closing of the gates has been revived, and, for the present at least, enforced with vigor. Koreans in the employ of foreigners are not exempted, though the foreign office has issued passes to foreign residents by which servants are enabled to go on errands for their masters after dark. This sending men to their homes at half-past six in the evening is possible, we hope, only in Korea, and may its day here be ended soon."

A terrible epidemic of the Yunnan plague prevails in the province of Kwangsi, especially at Lungchow and in the neighboring military camps. At Liang-ching, the headquarters of General Su, the mortality has been half a score a day since the end of October.

Though the Lungchow district itself is calm, all that portion of Kwangsi which borders on the Kwangtung is greatly disturbed. The authorities of Lungchow are also on the qui vive. A party of adventurers that arrived in that town recently were arrested by the police, and not being able to give a satisfactory account of themselves, ten of them were sent to Lieng-ching to be tried by martial law. Three of them, against whom suspicion was stronger than against the rest, had the tendons of their feet cut, which is one way of preventing their rambling over the country. Some men found on the frontier clothed in the uniform of the Chinese regulars of the Namkwan regiment, to which they did not belong, were executed by order of General Su.

The Japan Mail of Jan. 3rd prints the following forgery story: Rumors for some time have been rife on the Tokyo Stock Exchange to the effect that there were some forged share certificates of the Hokkaido Colliery Railway Company upon the market. The forgery has recently been detected. On the 19th inst. a man named Inouye Taro arranged with a broker named Tsuda for a loan of 6,000 yen on security of some of the company's shares. On his going to the broker's office to complete the transaction Mr. Tsuda's clerk at once noticed that there was something wrong about the share certificates. The shares were in five-share notes, whereas the company issued 100-share, 50-share, 10-share and one-share notes only. Further investigation showed that there was something wrong about the president's signature, and that the gentleman in whose name the shares were purported to be made out had never owned a single share in the company. Information was immediately sent to the Tokyo office of the railway company and to the Yyobashi police office, and in a few minutes Mr. Inouye, who was waiting at the broker's office for the dollars to be brought from the bank, found himself in the clutches of the law.

According to a recent memorial from Liu Ping-chang, viceroy of Szechuan, an earthquake of great magnitude, devastating an area of 9,000 square miles, occurred in the Tibetan district of Kuda, bordering the province, on the 29th of August last. The Dala Yama's grand monastery of Hueiyuan and several small lamesarais were buried in the ruins and 804 houses belonging to the native and Tibetan soldiers and their families met the same fate. Seventy-four Lama priests and 137 Chinese and Tibetans were killed, with a large proportion of wounded. The large Lama monastery of Hueiyuan was built by command of the Emperor Yung-ching in the beginning of the eighteenth century and made the seat of the Dalai Lama or Buddhist pope for 12 years, when he moved back to Lhassa with the imperial consent. There were dug out of the ruins of this monastery eventually nine pure gold images of Buddah presented by the Emperor Yung-ching, and one hundred brazen ones heavily gilded, as well as a yellow sedan chair, also the gift of the emperor. Relief was immediately sent in money and grain to the distressed Chinese, Tibetans and Lamas.—N. C. Daily News.

The China Steamer.

The royal mail steamship Empress of Japan, Capt. Geo. A. Lee, arrived in port at 6:30 last night after a terribly hard passage of 12 days from Yokohama. For ten days she struggled against head winds, which frequently developed into gales. Her decks were kept wet during the entire voyage, her passengers getting out on deck only three days out of the 12. During the voyage the ship consumed 1,800 tons of coal. To make matters worse, as she approached the coast the weather grew thick and speed had to be slackened. She ran under the lee of Albert Head, where Dr. Jones boarded her. The tender Sadie, with the C. P. R. and customs officials and press representatives aboard, also joined her there.

Appended is the list of the saloon passengers:

Mrs. Allen, A. Allen, M. Baggallay, T. Brubacher, A. A. Donaldson, H. J. Dutton, Mr. Keator, Sir T. and Lady McIlwraith, Mr. Neale-Turner, Capt. V. C. Smyth and J. Tulloch.

The Japan brought 250 Chinese passengers; 19 left the ship here. She brought 1,500 tons of freight, 400 tons for Victoria. It was carried to Vancouver as usual to be returned by the local steamer.

The distinguished passenger on board was Sir Thomas McIlwraith, accompanied by Lady McIlwraith. Sir Thomas is the most distinguished citizen of Queensland, Australia. He recently resigned the premiership and is on his way to England. During the stay in Yokohama Lady McIlwraith was quite ill, and their departure for Victoria had to be postponed until her recovery. She is now enjoying very fair health. Sir Thomas has a desire to see Canada, but the severe weather in the east may hasten his departure for England. He will visit Ottawa and discuss trade matters with the Dominion government. He had hoped to sit in the proposed conference, but did not know of the indefinite state into which the matter has dropped. He did not enjoy his trip across the Pacific and welcomed its end.

Capt. V. C. Smyth, of the Lincolnshire regiment, stationed at Ceylon, was also a passenger. He is on his way to England on leave.

J. Tulloch, with the firm of Dodwell, Cardill & Co., at Shanghai, left the ship here. Business affairs brought him to the coast.

The Empress weighed anchor at 9 p. m., and shortly afterwards departed for Vancouver.

The Harold's Cargo.

The bark Harold's cargo of salmon, consisting of 61,001 cases, valued at $321,541, was made up as follows:

Cases.	Marks.	Shippers.
1,018	Sea Lion Brand	R. Ward & Co., Ltd
3,843	I	do
750	H	do
8,250	B	do
3,037	P	do
1,000	"B A."	do
4,465	"R."	do
4,500	"S."	do
519	"S. W."	do
1,473	"A."	do
700	Bon Accord	do
2,150	C	do
1,364	Emblem Brand	do
500	"A.T.J. 12."	Anglo B.C. Pack'g Co
500	"Z. W. B. 9."	do
3,500	"S. R. 7."	do
100	"S. R. 8, 1-2 fla"	do
3,025	"J-W-Co. A B C, F"	do
2,000	"J-W-Co. A B C, F"	do
3,000	"J-W-Co. BCF"	do
2,893	"J-W-Co. flats, ABC, E"	do
2,000	"J-W-Co. flats, ABC, E"	do
2,371	"J-W-Co. flats, ABC, E"	do
1,600	"J-W-Co. ABC, A"	do
1,046	"J-W-Co. ABC, C"	do
2,172	"J-W-Co. ABC, D"	do
451	"B. A. Pkg. Co., ABC, D."	do
2,715	"J-W-Co. ABC, A"	do
79	"ABC, C."	do
22	WB	R. Ward Co., Ltd

A Famous and Enduring Name

The name that ever will endure
Is Harvard bronchial syrup, pure,
In Canada its fame doth ring,
'Mongst remedies 'tis sovereign, king.

The only preparation that can give entire satisfaction in curing coughs, colds, hoarseness, throat irritation, and bronchial affections, is Harvard bronchial syrup.

Mr. Stuart Hunter, of Belleville, Ont., says: "Having used your Harvard bronchial syrup, I found it all that could be desired as a remedy for throat affections. I have recommended it to others, and am pleased to say that people who have, upon my recommendation, used Harvard bronchial syrup, have informed me that they have received great benefit from its use."

To Regulate Stockbrokers.

Emperor William, as king of Prussia, opened the Prussian landtag on Tuesday. Among the questions to be dealt with is that of gambling on the Bourse, or stock exchange, and concerning which a bill based upon a report of the parliamentary commission especially appointed to investigate the practice will be introduced. It contains stringent provisions regulating the conditions of dealing in futures, providing that operators who take advantage of inexperienced clients, induce them to make investments of the effect or extent of which they are ignorant until confronted with losses, shall be held guilty of criminal offense, and upon conviction made to pay a fine of 500 marks or to serve a term of six months' imprisonment. The stock brokers have raised a vigorous remonstrance against the measure and have lobbied so effectually that the claim is made that it will certainly be rejected, even if allowed to come to a vote.

The world-wide reputation of Ayer's Hair Vigor, is due to its healthy action on the hair and scalp. This incomparable preparation restores the original color to gray and faded hair, and imparts the gloss and freshness so much desired by all classes of people.

If flavor, purity, mildness and aroma have no weight with you when

selecting smoking tobaccos, why not smoke cabbage leaves or brown paper? If you appreciate quality you will ask for MASTIFF PLUG CUT.
J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

Have You Tried
MILK GRANULES
WITH
CEREALS.
It is the Best Infant Food,
being a combination of the perfect equivalent of Mother's Milk and the finest Barley, specially treated to render it easily digestible.
For sale by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

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VICTORIA, B. C.
ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK
Maps, Cheques, Drafts,
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Wedding & Visiting Cards,
Fine Colored Work a Specialty.
VISITING CARDS
Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.
PORTRAITS
Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.
SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.
Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.
Keep the Money In the Country.
Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.
VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

S. A. STODDART
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
One small fire proof safe for sale very cheap.

The Nicola Valley Railway Company
"NICOLA"
Preliminary Notice.
This company has secured a block of land near the junction of the Coldwater and Nicola rivers for the purpose of a townsite, and so soon as the contract for the work of construction of this railway is entered into it is proposed to lay out this land as a town and place a portion of the lots upon the market.
The ONLY station in the vicinity of the Junction of the Coldwater and Nicola rivers will be placed within the boundaries of this block and the town surrounding it will be called
"NICOLA"
J. W. McFARLAND,
Sec.-Treas.
Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 27th, 1893.

THE WEEKLY TIMES
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTOIRA, B. C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

NOTICE
I have this day admitted Mr. R. Bloomingdale, of San Francisco, as a partner in my business at Victoria, B. C., which hereafter will be continued under the firm name of Simon Leiser & Co.
SIMON LEISER.
Victoria, B. C., January 1st, 1893. 33-1m

Real Estate.
200 ACRES, SPLENDID OPENING FOR Hop Ranch; price $16,000; terms easy.
142 ACRES, WITH HALF MILE OF WAter front and about 700 cords of wood cut, and about 10,000 cords to cut; good terms; $35 per acre.
100 ACRES, WITH 250 FRUIT TREES planted; $1000; good terms.
250 ACRES, THREE-FOURTHS MILE fine water front, good land, partly cleared; good house and stables; splendid location for fishing and shooting and boating; low price and good terms, or exchange partly for cash and city property.
80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.
10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, close to Saanichton railway station; $1000 and $1500, according to position; very easy terms and low interest to parties buying to improve.
2 LOTS, 50x120 each, good land and close to good stream of water; $300.
A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

"Land Registry Act."
Sections 1 and 2, Quatsino District.
A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to Andrew B. Forbes on the 24th March, 1894, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or some part thereof.
S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, 19th December, 1893. d21-3m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

House Opened This Afternoon by Lieut.-Gov. Dewdney.

THE "SPEECH FROM THE THRONE."

Who Were Present—The Lieut.-Governor a Blaze of Gold Lace—Prospects of an Interesting and Lively Session.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor this afternoon formally opened the last session of the sixth parliament of British Columbia. All the members were in their seats and there was a large attendance of ladies and gentlemen. A guard of honor from the B. C. B. G. A., in charge of Captain W. B. Smallfield, with Lieuts. Williams and Munro, was in attendance. A salute was fired from three guns on the water front opposite the government buildings, and the B. C. B. G. A. band was in attendance. Prayers were offered by Bishop Perrin.

At three o'clock the Lieutenant-Governor entered the house by the main entrance. He was accompanied by Major P. A. E. Irving, A. D. C., and his private secretary, E. A. Jacobs. The staff was composed of Captain Hughes-Hallett, R.N.; Lieut. C. V. Cooper, R. N., also of H. M. S. Garnet; Lieut.-Col. Peters, D. A. G.; Captain A. W. Jones, District Paymaster; Major Muirhead, R. E.; Lieut. F. N. Temple, R. M. A.; and Lieut.-Col. Prior, B. C. B. G. A.

The Lieutenant-Governor read the following speech:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I have much pleasure in meeting you again in this your fourth session for the dispatch of the business of this country.

The measure of redistribution, which was necessarily postponed on account of imperfect census returns, will be introduced during the present session for your consideration.

Acting under the authority conferred by the "railway aid act" of last session, a guarantee of interest has been given in favor of the Nakusp & Slocan Railway company, and I am glad to state that the work of construction has been vigorously pushed, and the line will be in running order during the present year, so that the valuable trade of the Slocan region will be attracted towards the mercantile centres of the province.

In arranging, under your authority, the details of the agreement with the company I have reserved the alternative right of guaranteeing the bonds of the company, both as to principal and interest. By adopting this plan the bonds can be sold for a higher price, and considerable economy effected. Your attention will be asked to a measure with this object. Papers upon the subject will be laid before you.

I am happy to inform you that following upon your former legislation the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway has been nearly completed and is now running, thus materially assisting in the general development of the province.

Notwithstanding the reduction in the market price of silver, the mines of the West Kootenay district, in consequence of the high grade of their ores, have shown a healthy development.

In Cariboo and other portions of the province marked attention has been given to hydraulic mining, and important works are being undertaken in that direction.

The coal mines of the province have shown an output of 979,200 tons, being an increase of 152,925 tons over last year.

The agricultural and horticultural reports from the various districts show a satisfactory improvement both as to the area under cultivation and the modes of culture.

Our fishing industry, a great source of wealth to the province, has produced results larger than in any previous year. The question as to the jurisdiction of the Dominion government to grant licenses for and to regulate fishing in provincial waters, is about to be submitted to the supreme court of Canada, and I shall take care that the interests of this province are properly represented before that tribunal.

In view of the discoveries of gold in the Alberni district during the past year, and claims to the precious metals within the railway lands upon Vancouver Island having been advanced by the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway company, a special case raising the point has been referred to the supreme court for decision.

A suitable site for the Provincial House, the establishment of which was authorized by you, has been purchased at Kamloops, plans have been prepared for the building, and tenders for construction will shortly be called for.

Although the past year has been one of great commercial depression throughout the world, the revenue of the province has closely approximated the estimate, notwithstanding the diversion of considerable sums of money to newly formed municipalities.

The three per cent. loan authorized for the construction of new legislative and departmental buildings by the "parliament buildings act" was placed upon the money market and brought 92 per cent of par value, an appreciable and gratifying increase in the value of provincial securities. Contracts for the buildings have been awarded and the work is now in progress.

The estimates of revenue and expenditure for the coming year will be laid before you at an early date, and it is trusted that they will be found to have been prepared with a due regard to economy and the requirements of the public service. In deliberating upon the items of expenditure you will be asked to consider the justice of aiding township municipalities by expenditures upon trunk roads.

The long standing dispute with the Dominion government on the subject of the title to the railway lands upon the mainland and the method of dealing with them was not brought before the courts during the last year. Negotiations looking towards an amicable settlement are pending, the successful result of which would obviate the necessity of a reference to a judicial tribunal; and I hope to be able to make an announcement upon this subject during the session.

Investigation into the census returns, made for the purpose of securing data for the redistribution bill to be submitted to you, has disclosed the fact that several tribes of Indians were omitted by the census commissioners, and that no allowance for their numbers has been made in arriving at the total population of the province, as shown by the census. I have caused representations upon this subject to be made to the Dominion government.

You will be asked to consider amendments to the drainage, dyking and irrigation act, so as to facilitate suitable guarantees being given by the government under proper conditions, and also an act providing that the measurement of timber shall be conducted by officers appointed by the government.

A bill consolidating the law of evidence, a partnership act, a bill to amend the act dealing with the labor bureau, and a bill imposing succession duties, will be among the measures submitted to you.

I now leave you to your deliberations, trusting that providence will so order your labors that they may prove permanently beneficial to all classes of our people.

Among those present on the floor of the House were Mrs. Dewdney, Mrs. W. Dewdney, Miss Dewdney, Mrs. D. W. Higgins, Mrs. T. Davie, Miss Richardson, Miss Perrin, Mrs. Corson, Mrs. J. Hunter, Mrs. R. Beaven, Hon. Dr. Helmcken, Mrs. W. R. Higgins, Mrs. O'Reilly, Miss O'Reilly, C. E. Redfern, Mrs. Redfern, Dr. Coe and Mrs. Coe, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Heilbron, Mrs. Burleigh, Mrs. Chapman, Rev. E. Robson, Rev. Dr. Campbell, Rev. P. McF. Macleod, Rev. S. Cleaver, Hon. J. O'Reilly, Thomas Earle, M. P., and Mrs. Earle, Mrs. C. E. Pooley, the Misses Pooley, C. A. Rattray, Mrs. Rattray, Senator McInnes, Mrs. McInnes, Sheriff McMillan, J. B. Lovell, Charles Hayward, W. J. Pendray, R. L. Drury, Mrs. Drury, the Misses Drake, Mrs. C. Kent, Mrs. Burnes, Mrs. Madigan, Ald. Munn, Humphrey, Vigelius and Dwyer, A. C. Flumerfelt, Mrs. Flumerfelt, Mrs. R. H. Hall, Miss Hall, A. B. Gray, J. H. Todd, D. Spencer, Mrs. Spencer, Mrs. Hickey, Miss Hammond, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, T. Gore, Mrs. Gore, H. Kent, W. Marvin, Mrs. Marvin, Senator Macdonald, Mrs. Macdonald, Mrs. Burnes, Hon. A. N. Richards, Miss Richards, Lady Musgrave, the Misses Dunsmuir, Miss Harvey, J. A. Mara, M.P., Rev. D. MacRae, D. R. Harris, A. L. Belyea, Mrs. Erb, Miss Erb, Miss Lawson, the Hon. Mr. Justice Crease, Mrs. G. L. Milne, Miss Kinsman, Miss Hall, Mrs. Chambers, Mrs. Pape, Miss Young, Mrs. Muirhead, Miss Muirhead, G. A. Richardson, Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. Hibben, Mrs. A. G. Sargison, Miss Denny, the Misses McMicking, Miss Sylvester, Miss Fawcett, Mrs. Dunlevy, Miss Dunlevy and many others.

Hon. Mr. Davie and Hon. Col. Baker having moved the formal resolutions, Hon. Mr. Beaven rose to object to the consideration of the speech from the throne being left until Monday. He thought it advisable to take it up at once. He could not understand why the members should be kept here until Monday without doing anything.

Hon. Mr. Davie failed to see a reason for departing from the usual custom.

Mr. Cotton was of the same opinion as the leader of the opposition. Last year the Attorney-General said the question of immediately proceeding with business would be considered, and perhaps it would be adopted in the future. It was not right to keep the members here two or three days doing nothing. It was false economy. If the government was not ready to go on with business they should not have called the House together so early.

Hon. Mr. Davie introduced a bill to protects the goods of lodgers from distress and the House adjourned until Monday.

ODDFELLOWS MAKE MERRY.

Hotel Wilson Scene of a Bright Gathering of the Order.

Nanaimo, Jan. 18.—A banquet was given to the officers of the provincial grand lodge of I. O. O. F. in the Hotel Wilson on Tuesday evening. The invitations had been extended liberally. Among those present were representatives of the Times, Colonist, Free Press and Telegram. The tables were prepared under the superintendence of W. Wilson, and after dinner the usual loyal and patriotic toasts were proposed.

Dr. Farrel, in responding to the toast of the provincial government, expressed his opinion that a change was necessary, not only in the Dominion government, but also in the provincial government. "Canadian Grand Lodge" was responded to by G. M. Ramsay and W. J. Dwyer. They showed how rapidly the order had progressed throughout Canada and the English-speaking world. "Provincial Grand Lodge" was responded to by Brother Fullerton. "I. O. O. F. in General" was responded to by G. M. Ramsey. "The Mayor and Council" was responded to by Ald. Cocking and Assistant City Clerk A. Thompson. "Kindred Societies" was responded to by ex-Mayor Hilbert, Capt. Dillon and Dr. Farrel. The banquet surpassed anything of the kind ever given in the city. The proceedings came to an end at four o'clock on Wednesday morning.

Keller & Lukey, printers, have dissolved partnership. Lukey continues the business.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Foward in the Sporting World.

THE RING.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 18.—Jack McAuliffe, the champion lightweight pugilist, and John Ryan, champion of Australia, will come together in a six-round bout this evening. This will be the Australian fighter's first appearance on American soil, and his future career in this country will largely depend upon his showing. Both men have done good training. McAuliffe is the favorite.

WILL POSITIVELY FIGHT.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 18.—Last night the Duval Athletic club published the following: Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 17.—The Duval Athletic club make this their final and most positive announcement that the Corbett-Mitchell contest will take place on Jan. 25th, 1894. Reports have been sent out that Governor Mitchell has ordered troops to Jacksonville for the sole purpose of suppressing the contest. Notwithstanding these reports the club reiterate their past assertions and for a week have been arranging for an emergency of this kind. Should the troops be sent here, while the club do not believe that any violence would be participated in by them, yet they will not submit their patrons to the slightest danger of any kind. So thorough and complete are our arrangements that should any emergency of any kind arise in the morning of the 25th, they are prepared to handle six thousand people with the greatest convenience. This will be no Richburg, Miss., affair, where the people were subjected to a long, tedious and hot ride, but it will be done as quietly and conveniently as though it occurred in the arena now ready for this contest. Once more we say all friends and lovers of boxing, if you are in Jacksonville on the 24th of January, 1894, and care to see the Corbett and Mitchell contest you can do so after arranging for the necessary tickets. (Signed.)

DUVAL ATHLETIC CLUB.

The following statement from Corbett has also been given out: Mayport, Fla., Jan. 17.—I take this opportunity of informing my friends throughout the country that I have received assurances from the Duval Athletic Club to-day which warrant me in saying that the contest between Charles Mitchell and myself will positively take place in Jacksonville, or in that city's immediate vicinity on Jan. 25th, provided both the principals appear in the ring.

(Signed.) JAMES J. CORBETT.

The above statement by the club means that the fight will be fought in the woods where it was announced weeks ago, it would have to take place. Everything now depends on the ability of the promoters of the fight to keep the place selected a secret from the authorities, for if it becomes known Governor Mitchell will undoubtedly have troops on the scene. It is understood that the club people have purchased a large circus tent capable of holding 6000 people, and will bring the men together under the canvas.

PYTHIANISM AT DUNCAN'S.

Reception of the Grand Chancellor and Installation of Officers.

On Monday evening last the members of Maple lodge, No. 15, K. of P., at Duncan's, held a special convention to receive Grand Chancellor Anstie and Grand Vice Byrne, who paid an official visit of inspection to this lodge. The occasion was taken advantage of for the installation of the recently elected officers for the current term.

The grand chancellor and grand vice were met at the station on the arrival of the train and duly cared for throughout the day. At 7 p.m. they were entertained at supper by a few of those residing in the vicinity at the Quamichan Hotel, Brother Dickie catering for the party in his usual successful manner. The retiring chancellor commander, Tanzey, occupied the chair, with Dr. Watson, his newly elected successor, as vice, supported by Bros. Lomas, W. P. Jaynes, I. Evans Bell and others.

At 8:30 p.m., despite the weather, the lodge assembled at their castle hall, and after the formal reception of the visiting grand officers, the grand chancellor proceeded to install the officers as follows: Chancellor Commander, Dr. Watson; Vice Chancellor, W. P. Jaynes; Prelate, Bro. Robinson; Master of Exchequer, H. Fry; Keeper of Records and Seal, Bro. Bell; Master of the Work, Bro. Tanzey; Master of Finance, I. Evans; Master-at-Arms, A. C. Aitken, with Bros. Whiddon and D. Thorndyke inner and outer guards. The grand chancellor in an interesting and instructive address complimented the lodge on their progress and efficiency. The newly installed officers having assumed their respective stations, responded in appropriate terms, and after a hearty vote of thanks to the visitors the business was brought to a close.

Brief Locals.

—The steamer Premier will leave the inner wharf at one o'clock and the outer wharf at two to-morrow morning for Vancouver.

—Ceylons, Assams, Indo-Ceylon blends, in fact teas of all kinds at the Victoria Tea House, Government street, opposite the postoffice. *

—The largest variety of teas ever seen in Victoria to select from at the Victoria Tea House, Government street, opposite postoffice. *

—The minister of education granted permission to close the schools to-day at 2 o'clock to allow the teachers to attend the opening of parliament.

—In divisional court to-day, before Mr. Justice Crease and Mr. Justice Drake, the appeal case of Gibbs v. Tompkins is being argued. E. P. Davis appears for the plaintiff and A. E. McPhillips for the defendant.

—In chambers to-day, before Mr. Justice Drake, there were two applications heard, as follows: Imperial Bank v. Kerr & Begg. H. B. W. Aikman for the plaintiff and George A. Morphy for the defendants; application for examination of judgment debtor. Leave granted. Carmody v. Glover—D. M. Eberts for the plaintiff and P. A. Irving for the defendant. Application to set date of trial and for a special jury. Trial set for February 26, special jury, usual terms.

—It was a misnomer when some tea merchant gave the name of English Breakfast Tea to a Congou, for the English people never drink Congou alone. The merchants of England have made the English people the greatest tea-drinking nation by scientific blending and manipulation. Our blends are put together by one of the firm, whose experience was obtained with two of the largest tea sellers in England, and we can give you the real English blends. Victoria Tea House, Government street, opposite postoffice.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Puebla from San Francisco—H W Hutchinson, Thos Hopkins, John W Sikes, A C Page, Miss A Hardy, A Torbort, H Ehrenport, Geo Stickland, W C Peterson, Paul Hurther, Geo Shive, Mrs Herring, Geo Rivers, Chas Erale and W Broadwill.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—A Ewen, J W Horne, MPP; R Collister, D W Gillies, J C Brown, MPP; C A Semlin, MPP; D A Stoddart, MPP; T E Kitchen, MPP; F C Cotton, MPP; G B Martin, MPP; Capt Thos Foster, W J Robertson, J E Gaynor, J Hendry, W E Curtis, Geo Walker, G J Stockland, F A Connor, S Upton, C A Dean, R W Berry, Mrs Haywood, Miss Good, Mrs Crickmer, H R McDonald, V Mitchell, J Duncan, A J Varnier, H Bostock, A J Boreham, A French, E E Taylor, Mrs Robertson, H M Burwell, E T Wade, J D Prentice, J Williams, A Stuart, Mrs Connor, J Gibbs, R Forthingham, Mrs Berry, Mrs Munro, R A White, J S Bates, Mrs E Miller, Miss Chambers, C J Harrison, E P Davies, W Bauer, F M Yorke, E G Anderson, J F Garden, A E Cotton, Mrs Burwell, Mrs Wade, F W Galpine, E Bradley, A Barreman, J Tees, Mrs Gibbs, F Beattie, W H Haywood.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Puebla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Works, Barney Levy, Brackman & Ker Mill Co, Chas Anderson, D H Ross & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, E B Marvin & Co, Fell & Co, Hudson Bay Co, J Barnsley & Co, J B Taylor, Langley & Co, Lenz & Leiser, Lung Yung Lung, V E T & L Co, P McQuade & Son, R Baker & Son, R Beauchamp, Stemler & Earle, Simon Leiser & Co, The Ames Holden Co Ltd, Yale & Brooks, Wilson Bros, Yuen Lung, Wells Fargo & Co.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Langley & Co, Lowenberg & Co, S H E Co, Simon Leiser, Allice & Ault, J Mitchell, J E Crane, Supt Stores, Lenz & Leiser, Wm Humphrey, Mary Clacker, Wilson Bros, Turner Beeton & Co, J Piercy & Co, A W Gowan, J E Parrot, S Hanson, J A Cohen, acct Col Ind Rev R & E, Weller Bros, Mrs Matthews, R Dunsmuir, S & O Journal, Nat Elec Co, W Craft, T Earle, F A Revell, H B Co, J S Bates, Shawnigan Lake Co, Dom Exp Co.

"Now is the winter of our discontent made glorious summer" by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This wonderful medicine so invigorates the system and enriches the blood that cold weather becomes positively enjoyable. Arctic explorers would do well to make a note of this.

Use Gibbons' Toothache Gum; sold druggists

GEORGE BYRNES, AUCTIONEER

AUCTION

MONDAY, JANUARY 22nd

AT 11 A.M.

To Blacksmiths and Carriage Builders.

I have been instructed by owners to sell the plant of the late business of J. F. Beck & Co., Broughton and Gordon streets, next the Transfer Company's stables.

Blacksmith Shop.

One set blacksmith's bench tools, 3 vices, 1 crane, 1 sweedge block, 2 sets lightning stocks and dies, 2 sets common diffo, 1 tyre bender, 1 large vertical drill and 30 bits, 1 tyre upsetter, 1 grindstone, 2 bolt clippers, lot of thumb screws, 1 lot of bolster tongs, 3 sledges, portable forge, lot of iron and steel, monkey wrenches, spanners, lot of shaft shackles and K. B. clips, 2 box wood stoves, office desk, etc., etc.

Carriage and Buggy Shop.

Lot of hickory and ash planking, bass wood panelling, carriage and buggy spokes, hubs, rims and wheels, buggy bows, neck yokes, oak fellows, wood cramps, large iron cramp, steam chest and fittings, boxing machine, tenoning machine, 2 wood workers vises, 1 large iron cramp, lot of clips, carriage bolts, screws and fastners, plated carriage handles, pole ends, wiffletrees and shaft tips, hinges, buggy-step pads, eliptic buggy springs, waggon platform springs, Collings carriage axles, 1-2 patent buggy axles, lot of cast malleable buggy iron work, 2 single open buggies, new, 1 waggon body and seat, dog cart, 1 mower, 2 sulky ploughs, &c., &c.

Goods on view Saturday afternoon.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

Tobacco

5 Plugs T & B for $1.
1 Plug Laurel for 20c.
3 Packages Athlete, 25c.

MORRIS,

Leading Tobacconist,
Colonist Block.

Drink

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"Soft Water"

BRAND OF

Ceylon Tea

A DELICIOUS BLEND

SOLE AGENTS:

ERSKINE, WALL & CO

THE STANLEY HOUSE

Our Winter Sale a Success.
Everyone pleased with the Bargains we offer.
Some rare bargains to be had yet in Remnants, Dress Goods, Mantles, Furs, Quilts and Blankets.
A Few Dozens of those Kid Gloves at 60c. left. You should have a pair before they are all gone.
Remember this sale will only last for the balance of this month, and now is the time to take advantage of it. We have still a fine lot of Remnants at Half Price. Call and see them.

W. S. HAMPSON,
Manager.

Cash is King

CHEAP LUMBER and GOOD COAL for CASH

AT THE ROCK BAY COAL & WOOD YARD,

S. F. McINTOSH.

W. H. PERRY,

42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

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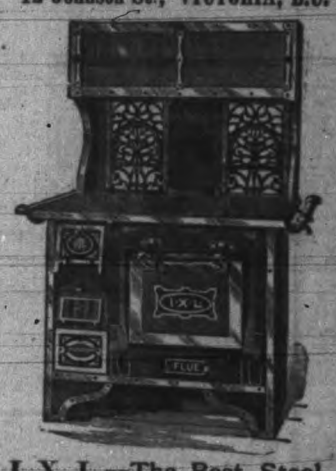

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Sky-Lights
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A large assortment of these reliable Waterproof Coats for Men and Boys just received from the celebrated house of Chas. Macintosh & Co.

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AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

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IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B. C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

LAME BACK

NEURALGIA, PLEURISY, SCIATICA AND RHEUMATISM CURED EVERY TIME WHEN THE "D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER IS USED.